Use Case 13: Analysis of epigenomic variation in breast tumors

Epigenome Informatics Workshop
Bioinformatics Research Laboratory

BCM Baylor College of Medicine

The Data Used in Case Study 13

1. Dedeurwaerder, S.et al. (2011) "Evaluation of the Infinium Methylation 450K technology", Epigenomics 3(6):771-84.

2. **16 breast tissue samples were profiled** (8 normal, 8 primary tumor samples)

3. The paper evaluates 450K technology and does not report any analysis concerning cancer biology.

4. We analyze the data to explore epigenomic states and cell type composition of normal and tumor samples.

Overview of Case Study 13

Part 1: Cluster all 16 breast tissue samples using the Epigenomic Heatmap tool

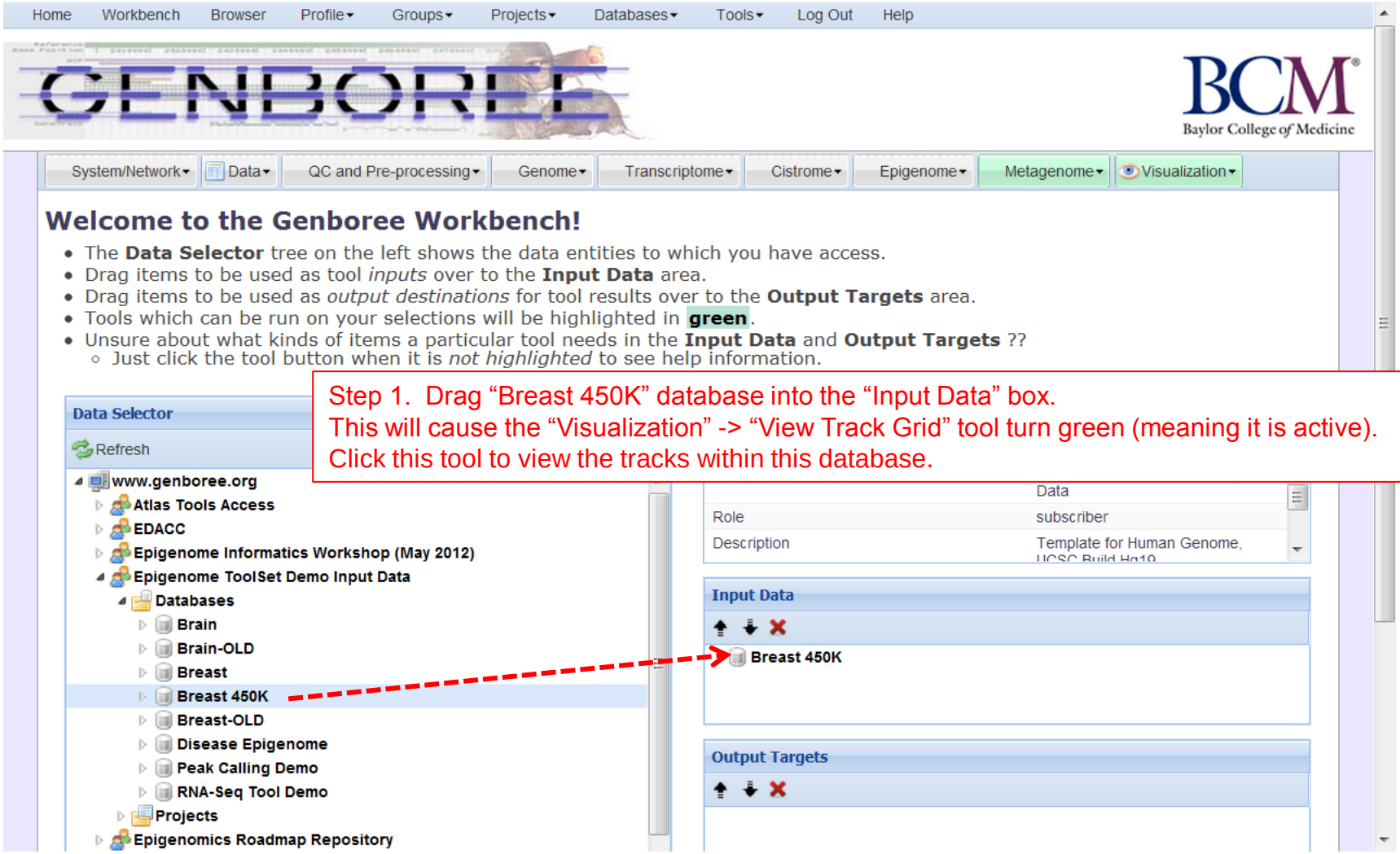
Part 2: Compare the 16 samples against the Human Epigenome Atlas to determine tissue compositions using the Epigenomic Heatmap tool

Part 3: Identify differentially methylated probes, genes, and pathways between 8 normal and 8 tumor samples using the LIMMA comparison tool

Part 1: Cluster all 16 breast tissue samples

Part 1: Introduction

- We will apply **Epigenomic Heatmap tool** to cluster all 16 breast tissue samples.
- We anticipate a pattern discriminating 8 tumor samples from 8 normal samples.
- The tumor samples may be more heterogeneous than normal samples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Browser
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Visualization
Welcome to the Genboree Workbench!
The Data Selector tree on the left shows the data entities to which you have access.
Drag items to be used as tool inputs over to the Input Data area.
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Step 1. Drag "Breast 450K" database into the "Input Data" box.
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Click this tool to view the tracks within this database.
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Epigenome ToolSet Demo Input Data
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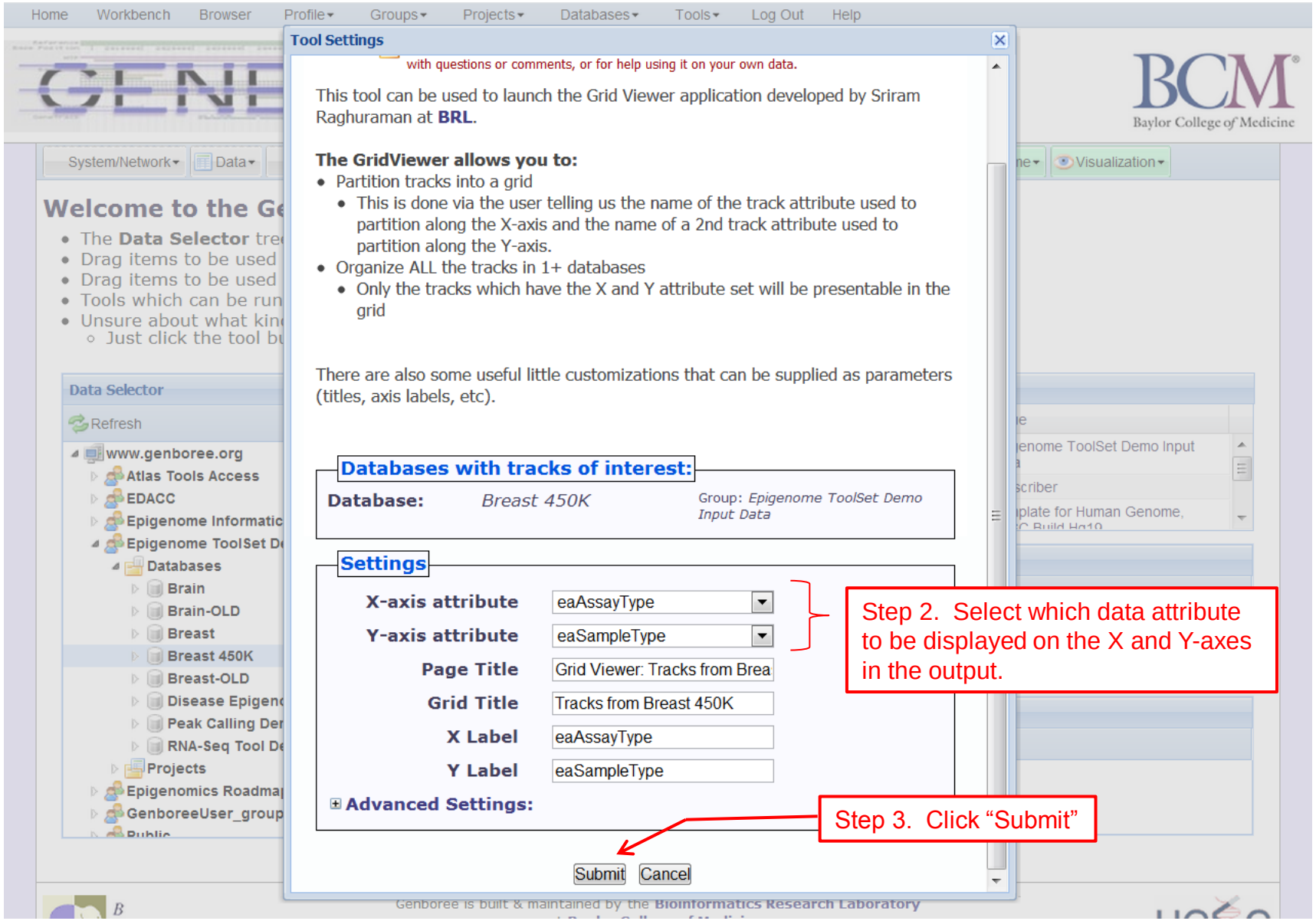
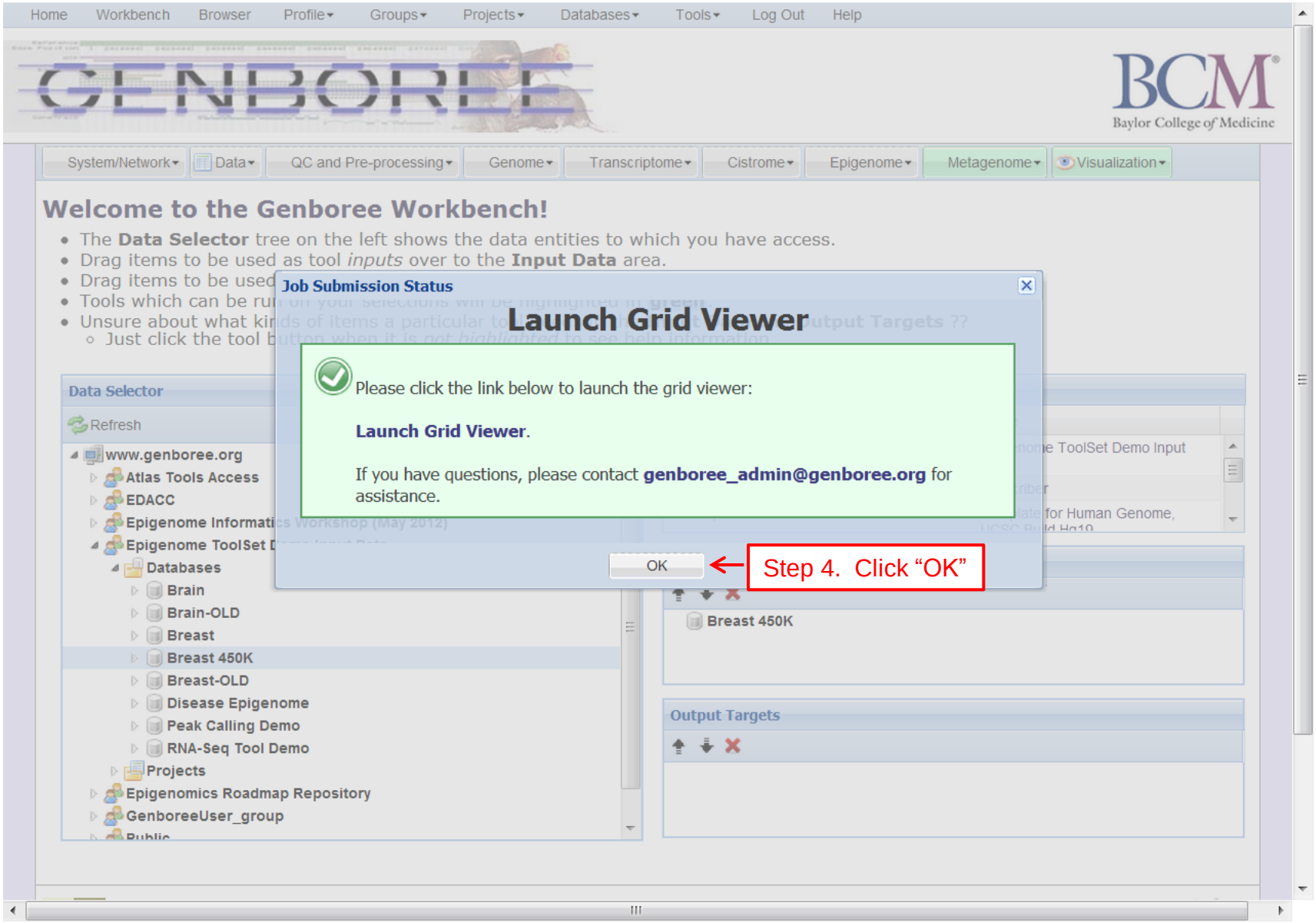
Brain-OLD
Breast
Breast 450K
Breast-OLD
Disease Epigenome
Peak Calling Demo
RNA-Seq Tool Demo
Projects
Epigenomics Roadmap Repository
Data
Role
subscriber
Description
Template for Human Genome,
Input Data
Breast 450K
Output Targets

Part 1: Create Your Data Grid-Con'd

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Peak Calling Demo
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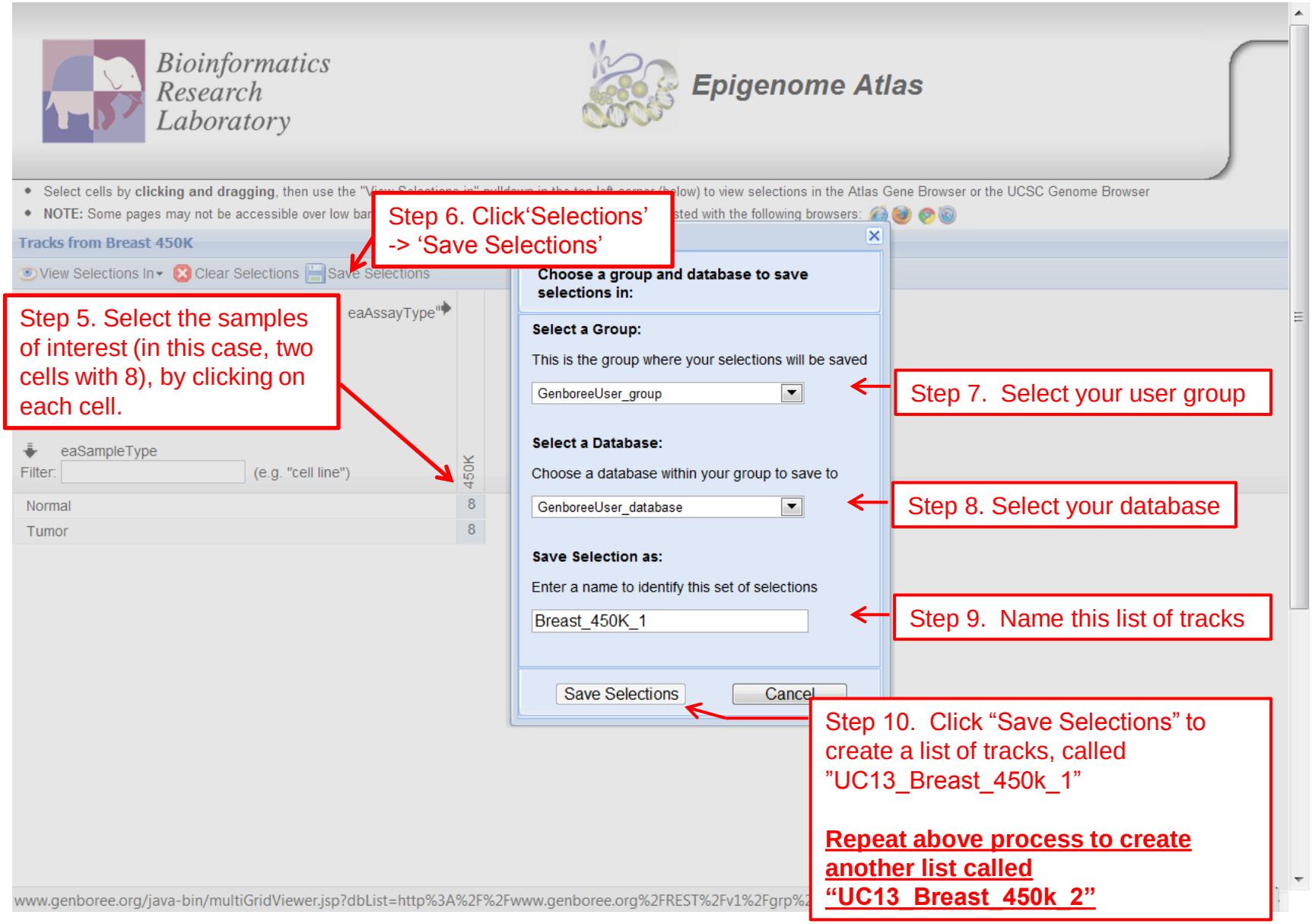
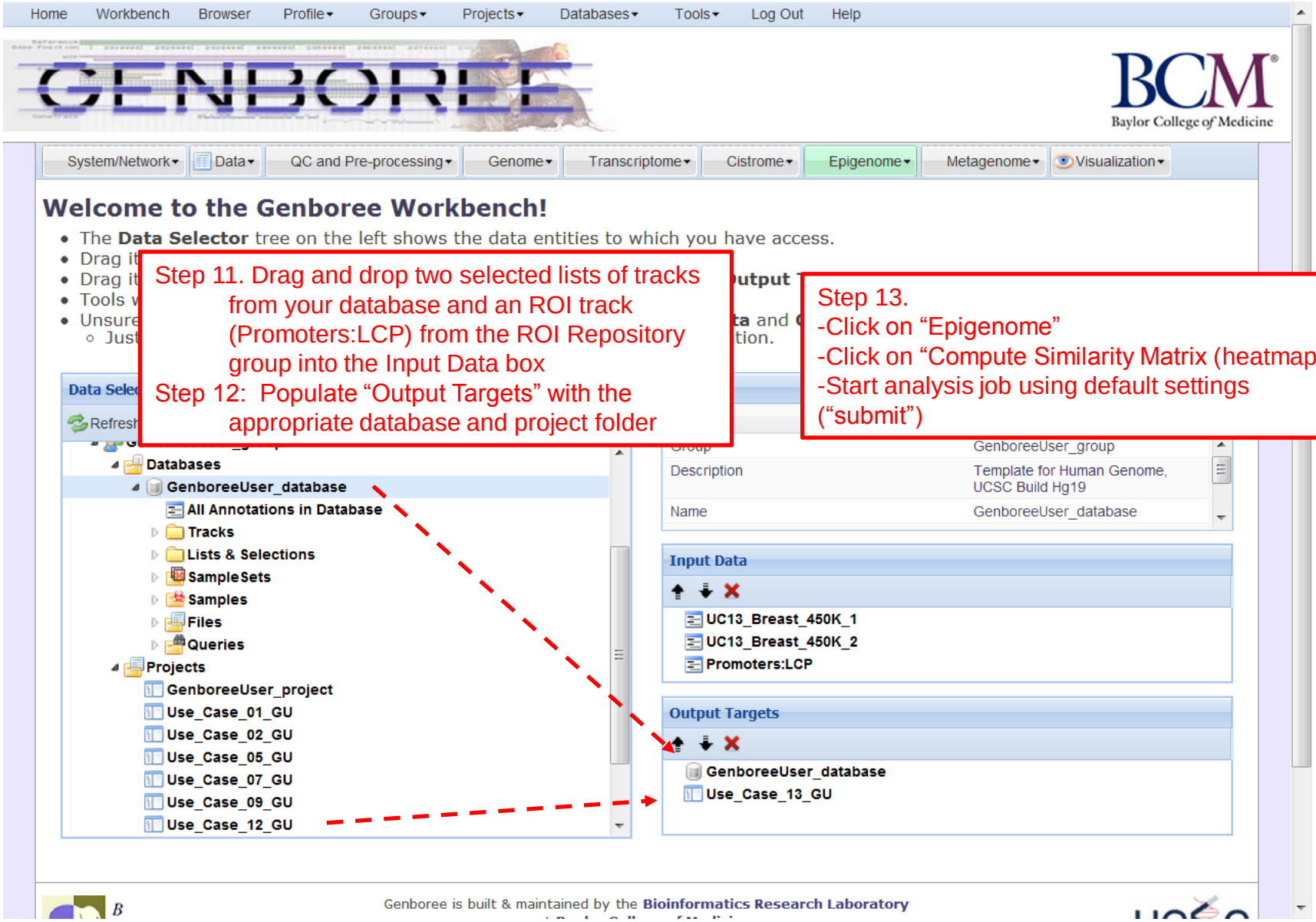
Epigenomics Roadmap Repository
GenboreeUser_group
Public
Breast 450K
Output Targets

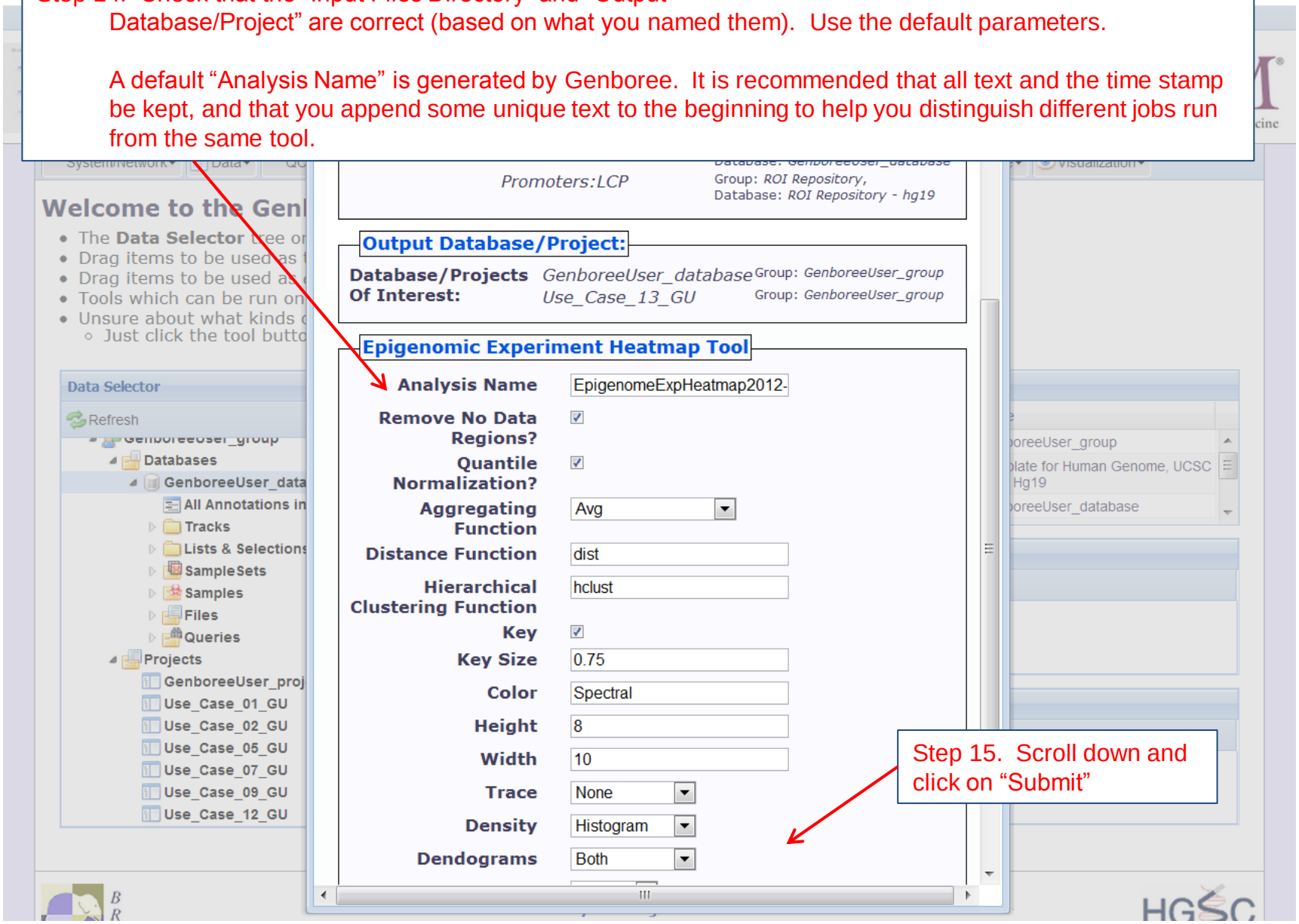

Bioinformatics Research Laboratory
Epigenome Atlas
Select cells by clicking and dragging, then use the "View Selections in" pulldown in the top left corner (below) to view selections in the Atlas Gene Browser or the UCSC Genome Browser
NOTE: Some pages may not be accessible over low bar
sted with the following browsers:
Tracks from Breast 450K
View Selections In
Clear Selections
Save Selections
Step 6. Click'Selections' -> 'Save Selections'
Step 5. Select the samples of interest (in this case, two cells with 8), by clicking on each cell.
eaAssayType
eaSampleType
Filter:
(e.g. "cell line")
450K
Normal 8
Tumor 8
Choose a group and database to save selections in:
Select a Group:
This is the group where your selections will be saved
GenboreeUser_group
Step 7. Select your user group
Select a Database:
Choose a database within your group to save to
GenboreeUser_database
Step 8. Select your database
Save Selection as:
Enter a name to identify this set of selections
Breast_450K_1
Step 9. Name this list of tracks
Save Selections
Cancel
Step 10. Click "Save Selections" to create a list of tracks, called "UC13_Breast_450k_1"
Repeat above process to create another list called "UC13_Breast_450k_2"
www.genboree.org/java-bin/multiGridViewer.jsp?dbList=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.genboree.org%2FREST%2Fv1%2Fgrp%2

Part 1: Tool Launch



Step 14. Check that the "Input Files Directory" and "Output Database/Project" are correct (based on what you named them). Use the default parameters.

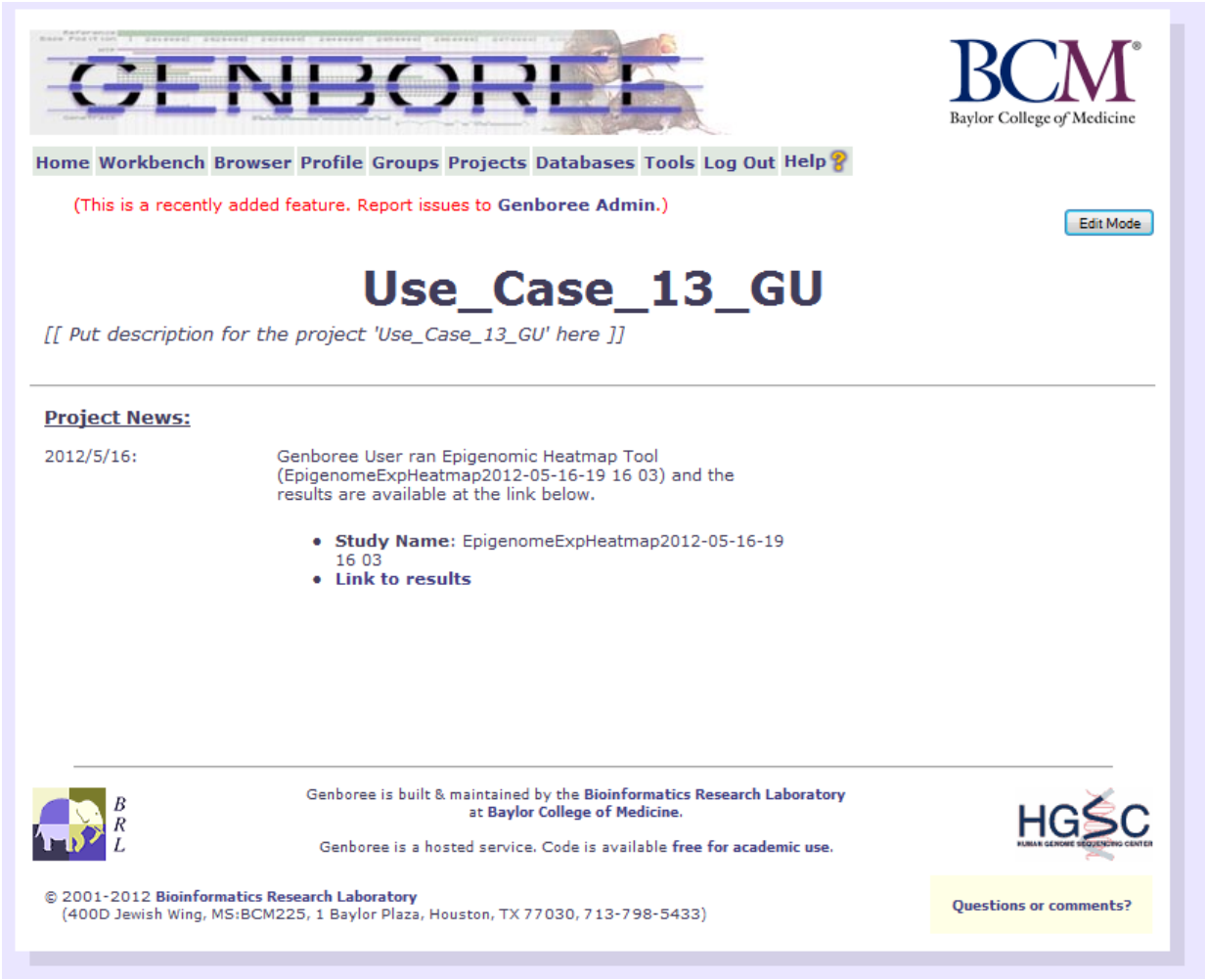
A default "Analysis Name" is generated by Genboree. It is recommended that all text and the time stamp be kept, and that you append some unique text to the beginning to help you distinguish different jobs run from the same tool.



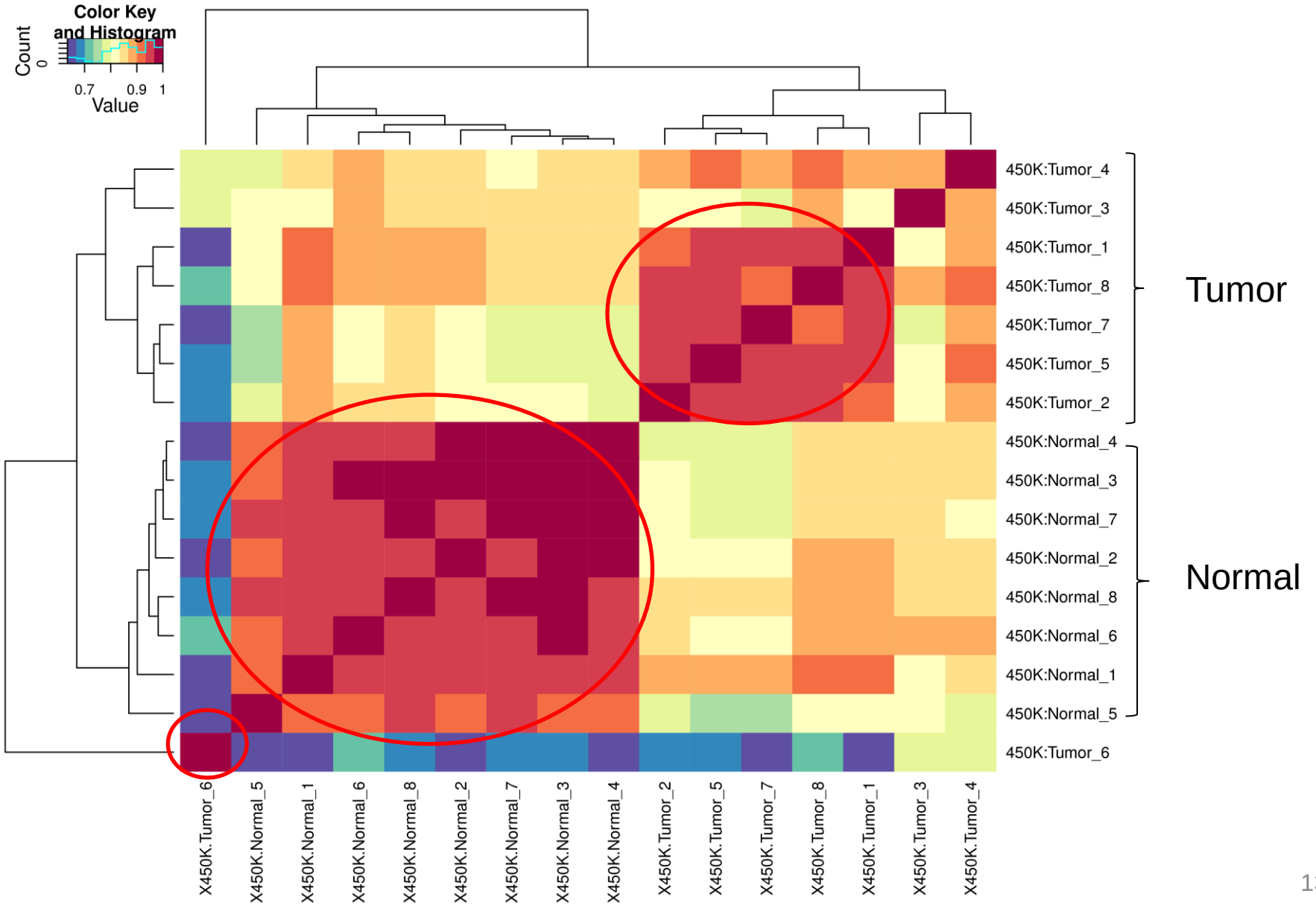
Part 1: Access You Result

You will receive an email with the following message:
“Genboree: Your Epigenomic Experiment Heatmap Tool job is complete”

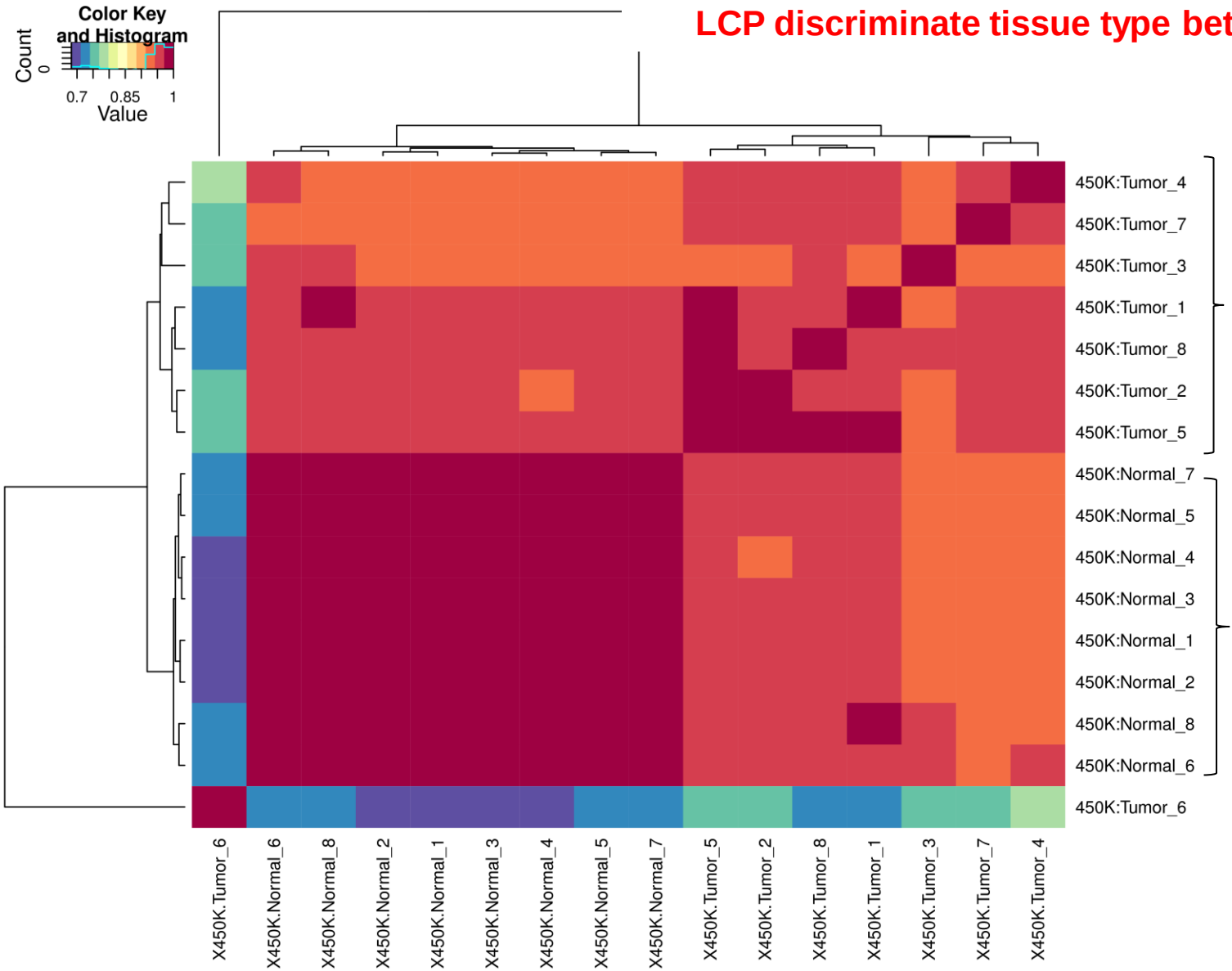
The body of the email will contain the following note and a link to the results file: “Result File Location in the Genboree Workbench:
http://www.genboree.org/java-bin/project.jsp?projectName=Use_Case_13



Part 1: Heatmap Output (Promoters:LCP)



Part 1: Heatmap Output (Promoters:HCP)



Part 2: Compare 450K profiles (8 tumor, 8 normal) against reference epigenomes from the Epigenome Atlas

Part 2: Introduction

- In Part 1, we found that tumor and normal samples are different. Now we ask if the difference is due to tissue composition by comparing the samples against the Human Epigenome Atlas.

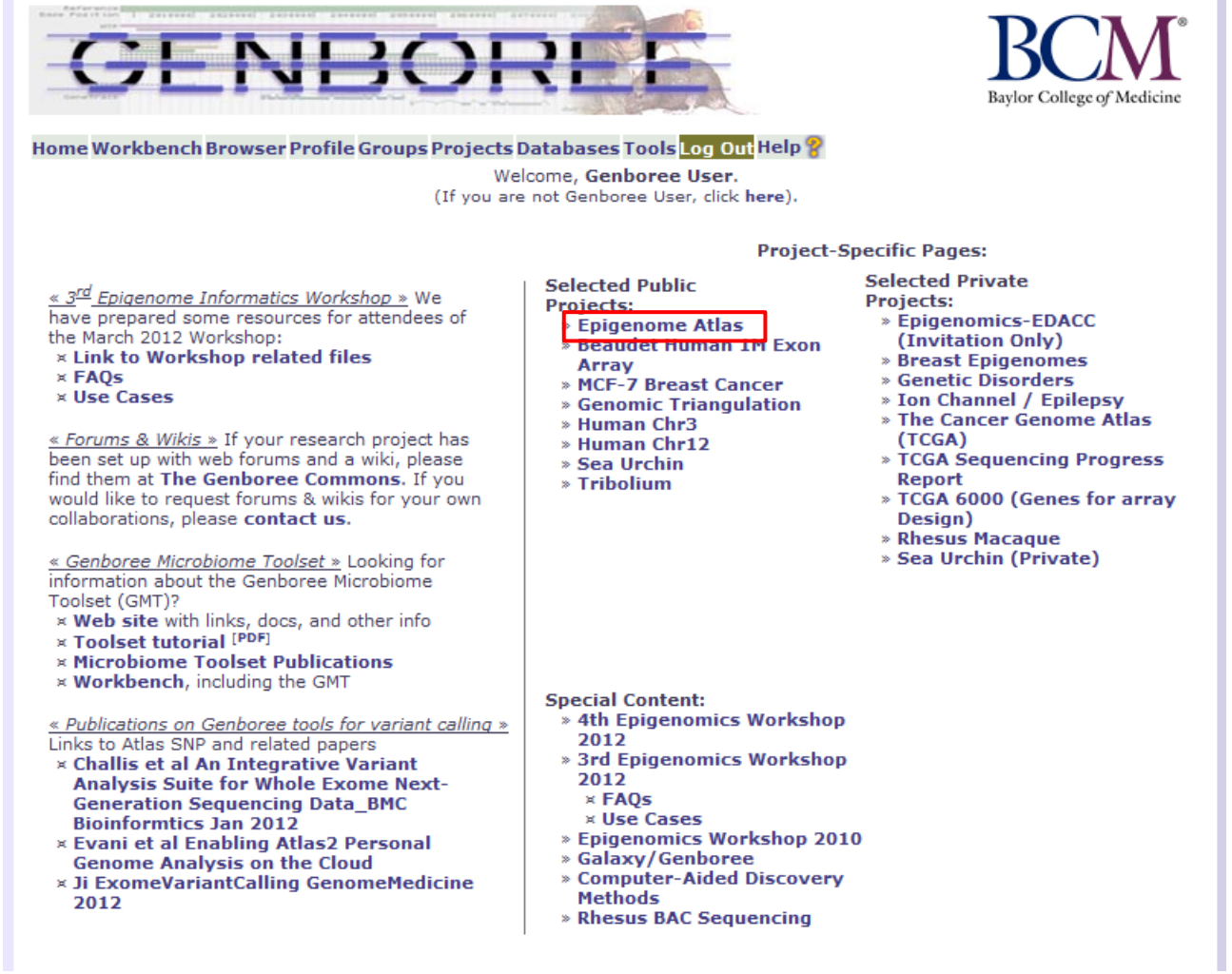
- Plan: Compare 8 tumor and 8 normal 450K profiles against normal tissue profiles from the Human Epigenome Atlas using the Epigenomic Heatmap tool

- Note: We compare epigenomic profiles obtained using different technologies (Illumina 450K vs MeDIP-seq).

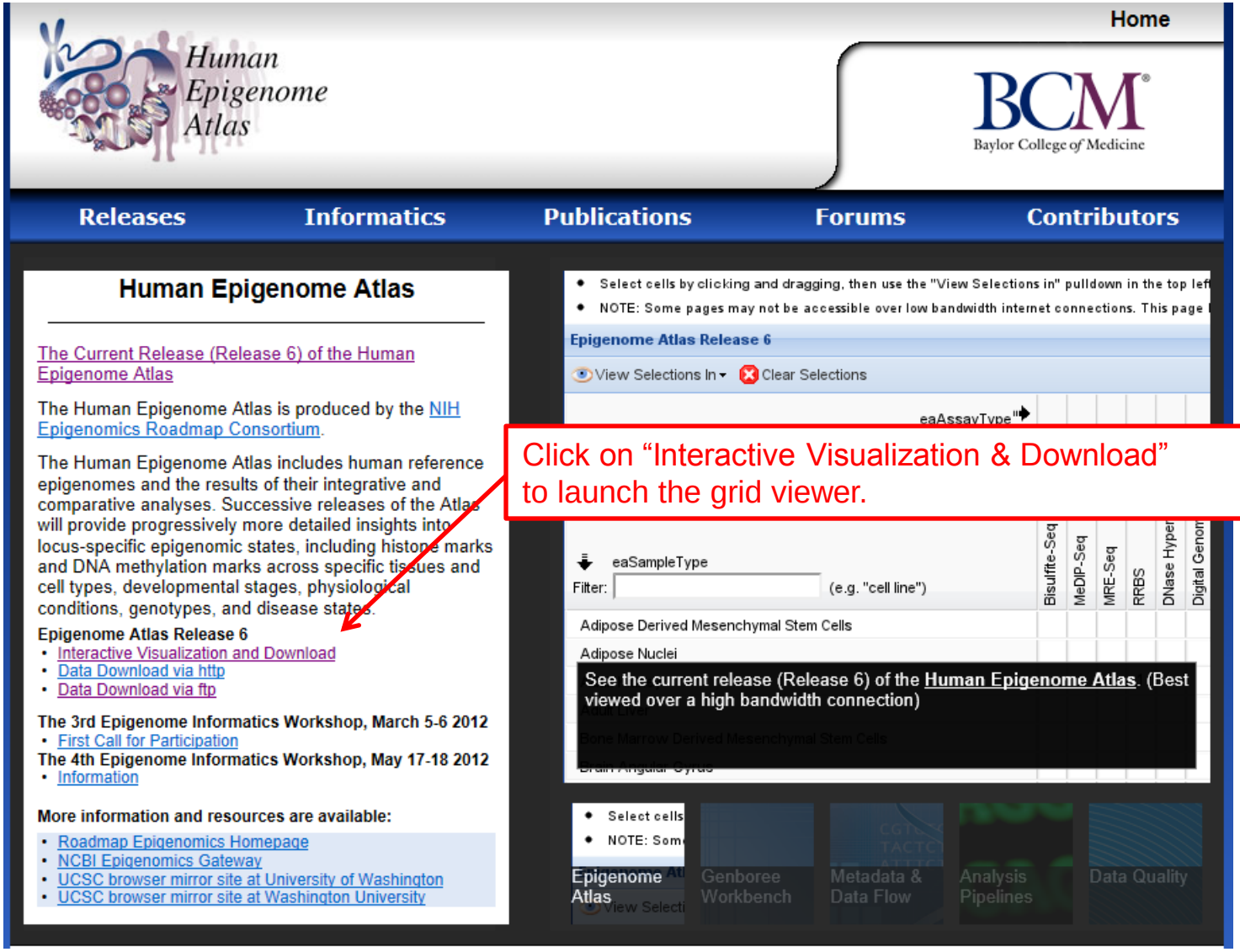
Reference MeDIP profiles of Normal Tissues and Cell Lines from the Atlas

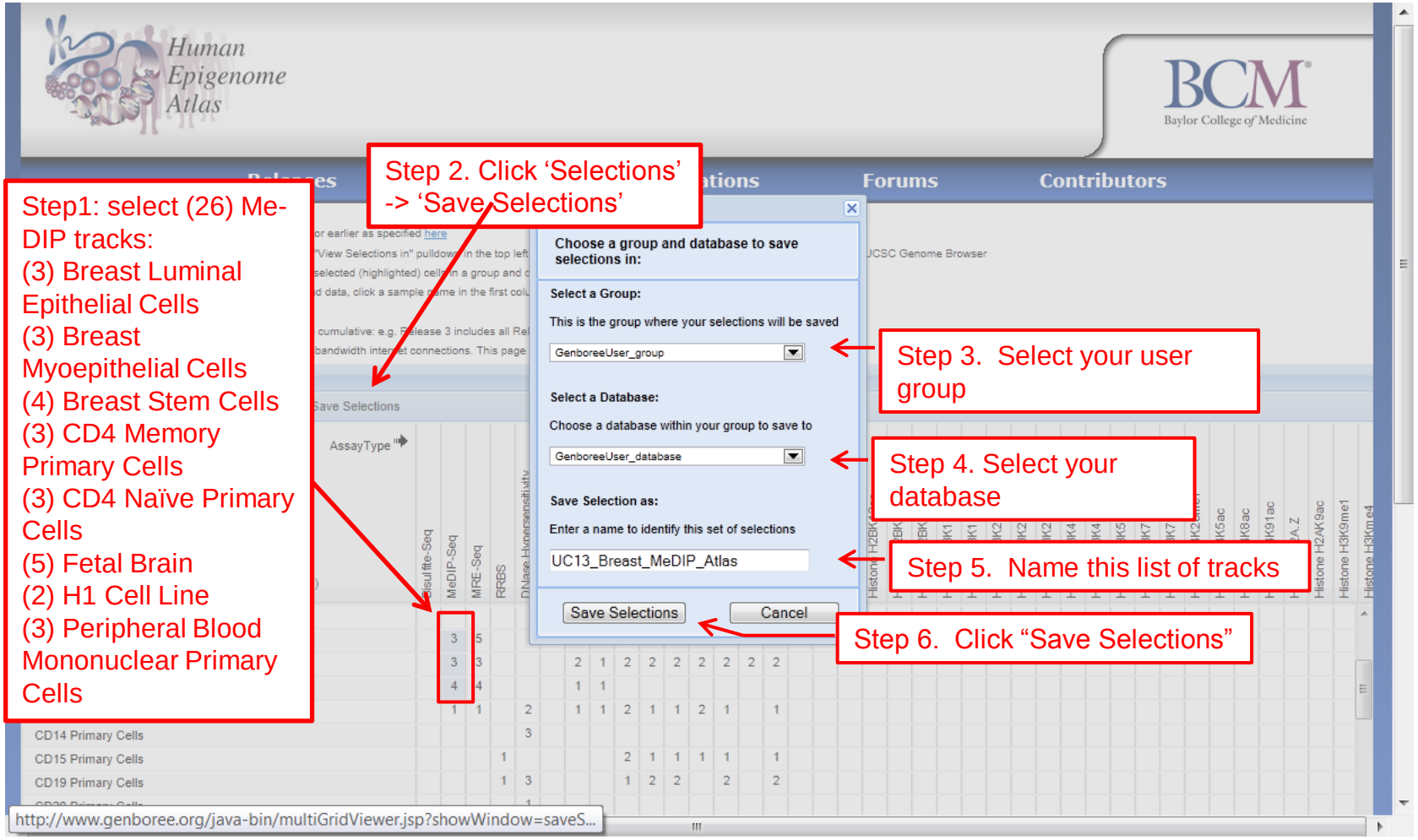
1. Breast Luminal Epithelial Cells
2. Breast Myoepithelial Cells
3. Breast Stem Cells
4. Peripheral blood mononuclear primary cells
5. Fetal Brain
6. H1 Cell Line
7. CD4 Memory Primary Cells
8. CD4 Naive Primary Cells

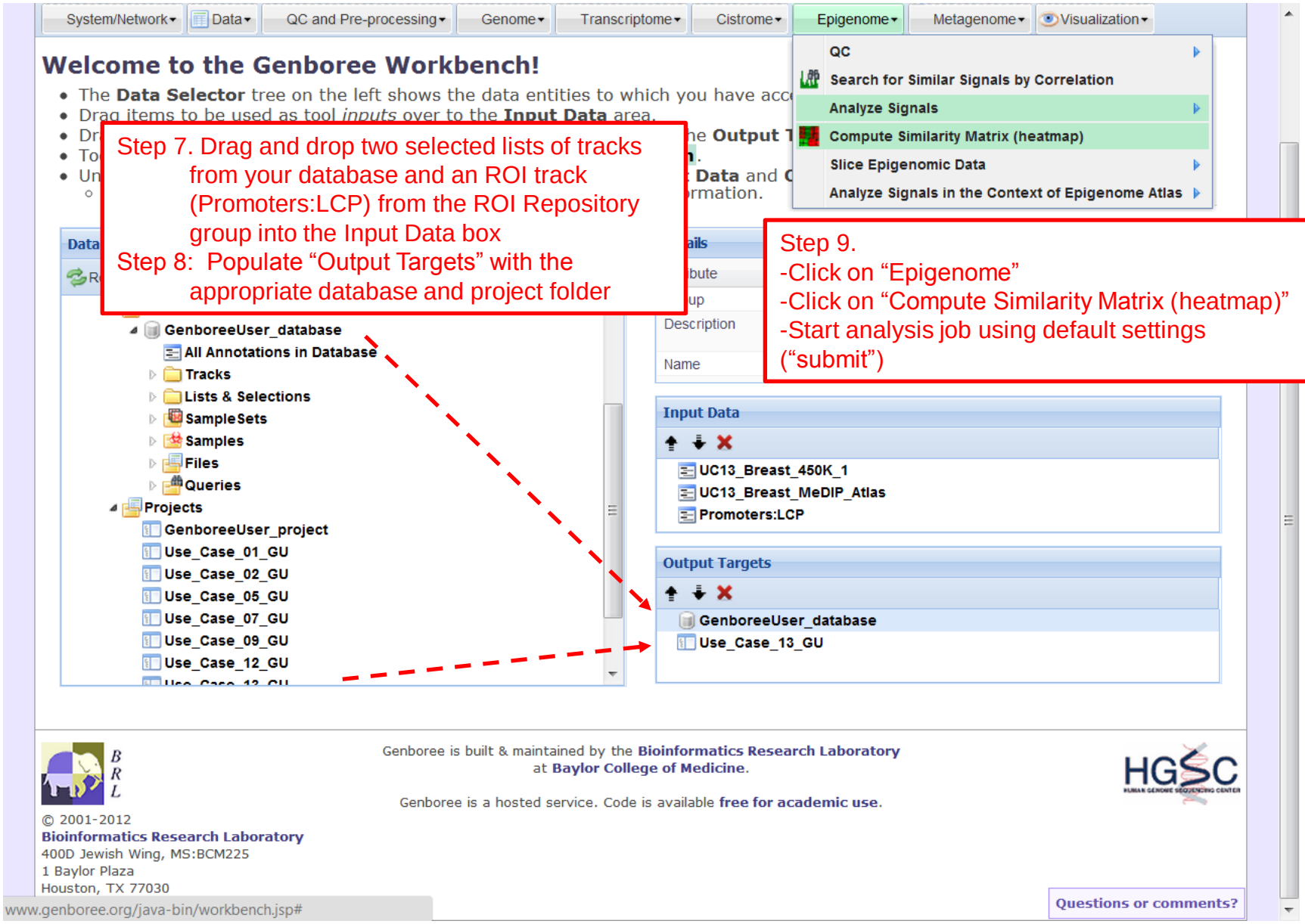
Access the “Epigenome Atlas” from the Genboree homepage



Access the Human Epigenome Atlas Data




Human Epigenome Atlas
BCM
Baylor College of Medicine
Forums
Contributors
Step1: select (26) Me-DIP tracks:
(3) Breast Luminal Epithelial Cells
(3) Breast Myoepithelial Cells
(4) Breast Stem Cells
(3) CD4 Memory Primary Cells
(3) CD4 Naïve Primary Cells
(5) Fetal Brain
(2) H1 Cell Line
(3) Peripheral Blood Mononuclear Primary Cells
Step 2. Click 'Selections' -> 'Save Selections'
Choose a group and database to save selections in:
Select a Group:
This is the group where your selections will be saved
GenboreeUser_group
Select a Database:
Choose a database within your group to save to
GenboreeUser_database
Save Selection as:
Enter a name to identify this set of selections
UC13_Breast_MeDIP_Atlas
Save Selections
Cancel
Step 3. Select your user group
Step 4. Select your database
Step 5. Name this list of tracks
Step 6. Click "Save Selections"
CD14 Primary Cells
CD15 Primary Cells
CD19 Primary Cells
http://www.genboree.org/java-bin/multiGridViewer.jsp?showWindow=saveS...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Data
QC and Pre-processing
Genome
Transcriptome
Cistrome
Epigenome
Metagenome
Visualization
QC
Search for Similar Signals by Correlation
Analyze Signals
Compute Similarity Matrix (heatmap)
Slice Epigenomic Data
Analyze Signals in the Context of Epigenome Atlas
Welcome to the Genboree Workbench!
Step 7. Drag and drop two selected lists of tracks from your database and an ROI track (Promoters:LCP) from the ROI Repository group into the Input Data box
Step 8: Populate "Output Targets" with the appropriate database and project folder
Step 9.
-Click on "Epigenome"
-Click on "Compute Similarity Matrix (heatmap)"
-Start analysis job using default settings ("submit")
GenboreeUser_database
All Annotations in Database
Tracks
Lists & Selections
SampleSets
Samples
Files
Queries
Projects
GenboreeUser_project
Use_Case_01_GU
Use_Case_02_GU
Use_Case_05_GU
Use_Case_07_GU
Use_Case_09_GU
Use_Case_12_GU
Description
Name
Input Data
UC13_Breast_450K_1
UC13_Breast_MeDIP_Atlas
Promoters:LCP
Output Targets
GenboreeUser_database
Use_Case_13_GU
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Genboree is a hosted service. Code is available free for academic use.
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Houston, TX 77030
Questions or comments?
www.genboree.org/java-bin/workbench.jsp#

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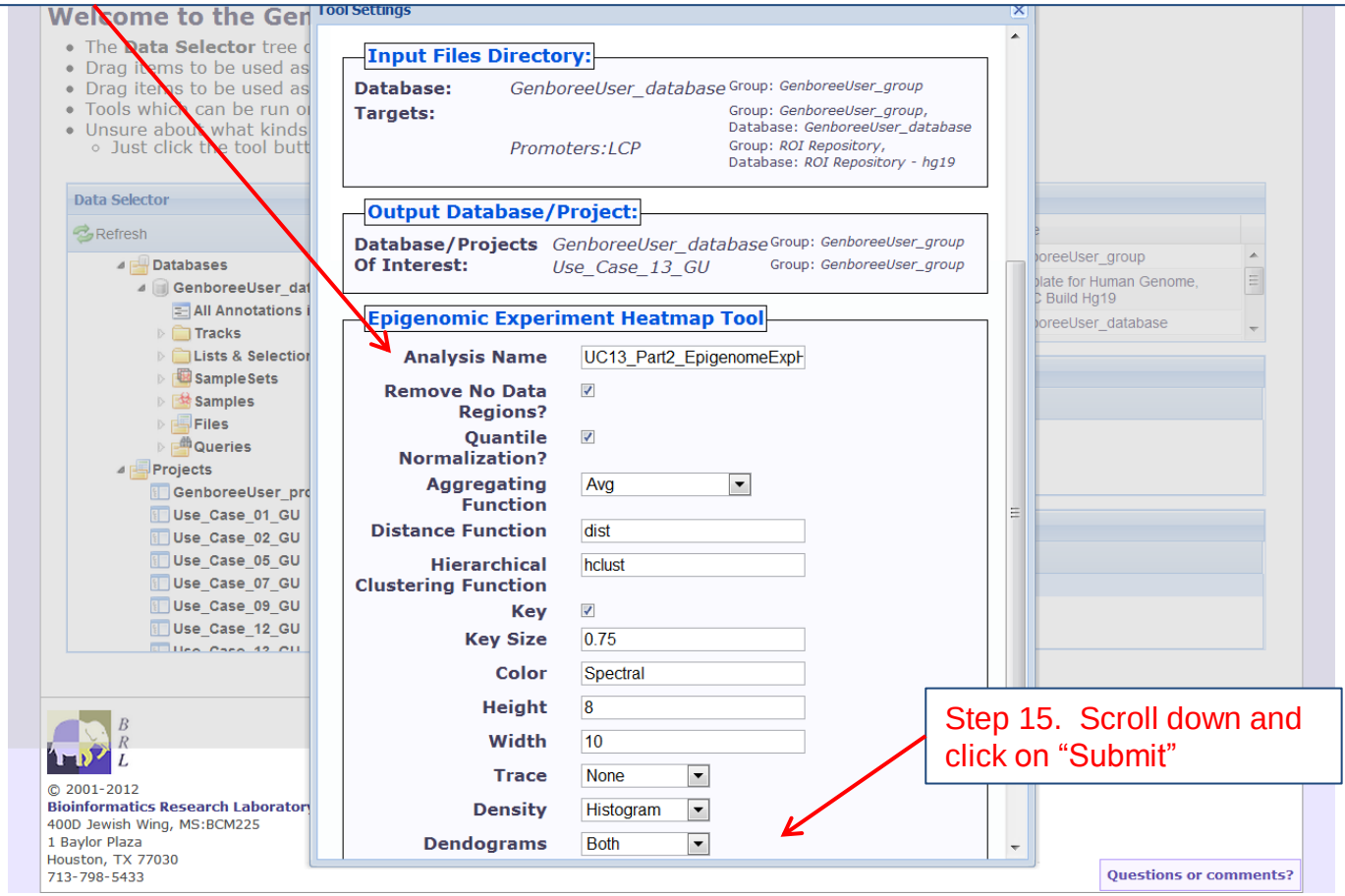

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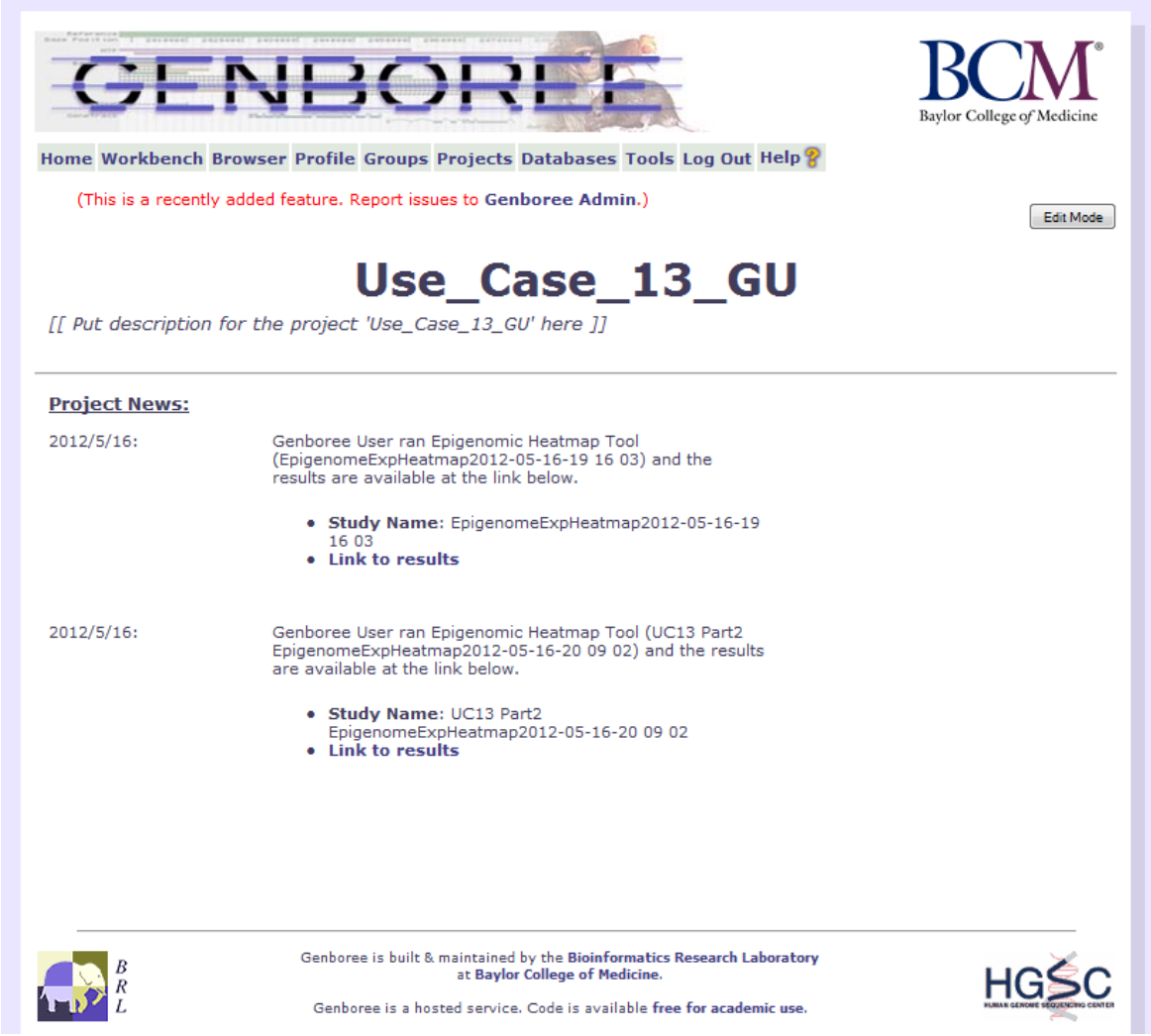
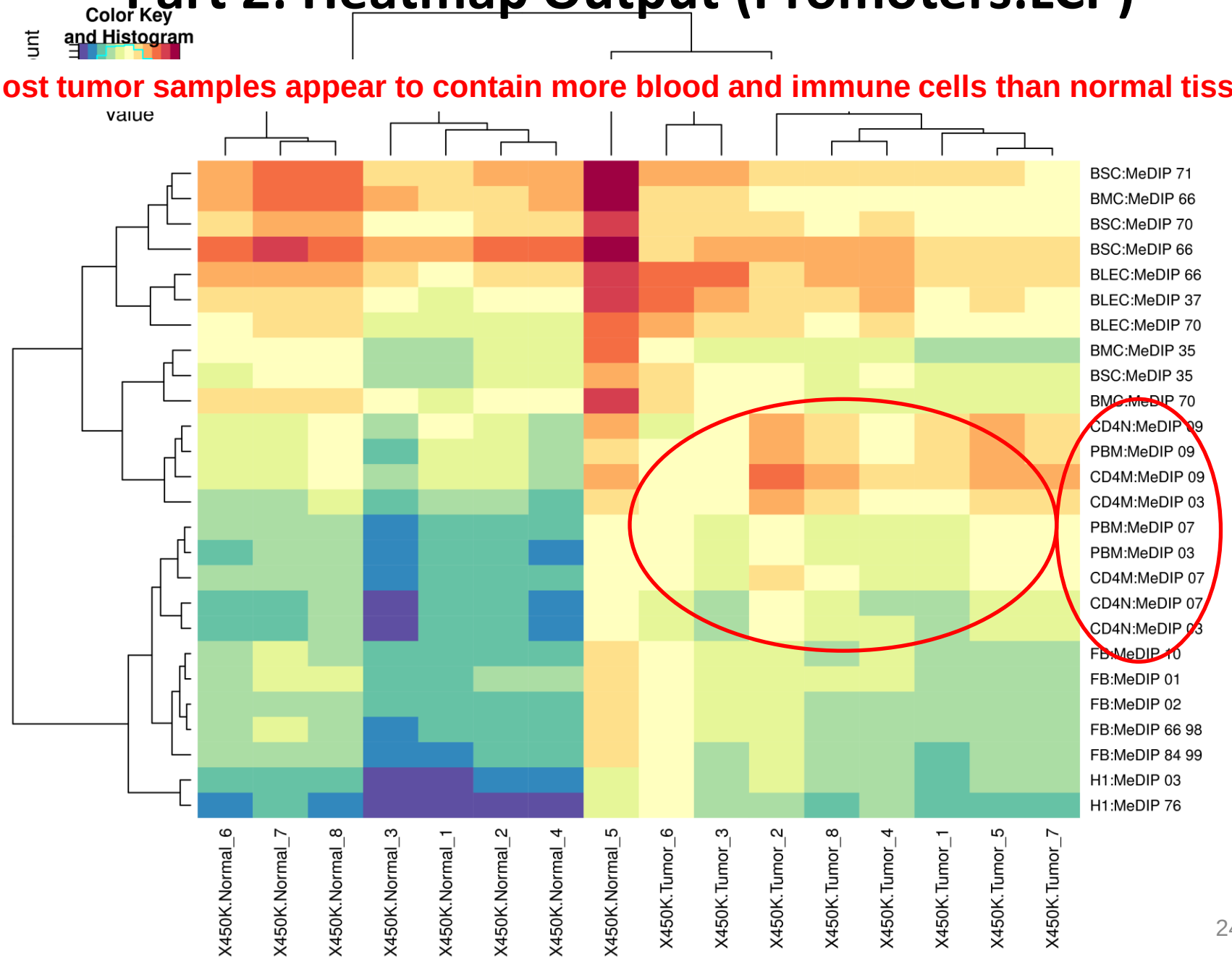
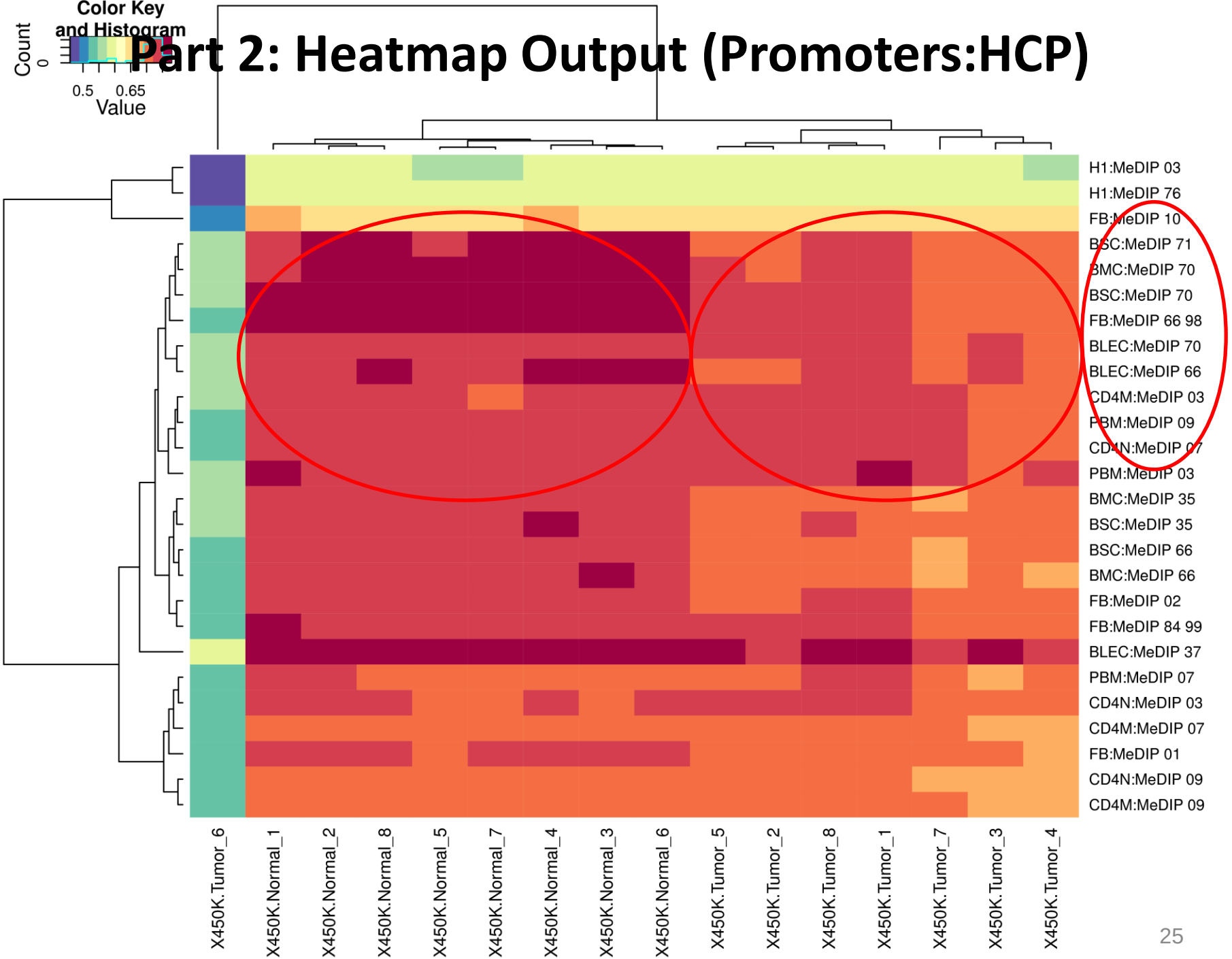


Part 2: Heatmap Output (Promoters:LCP)

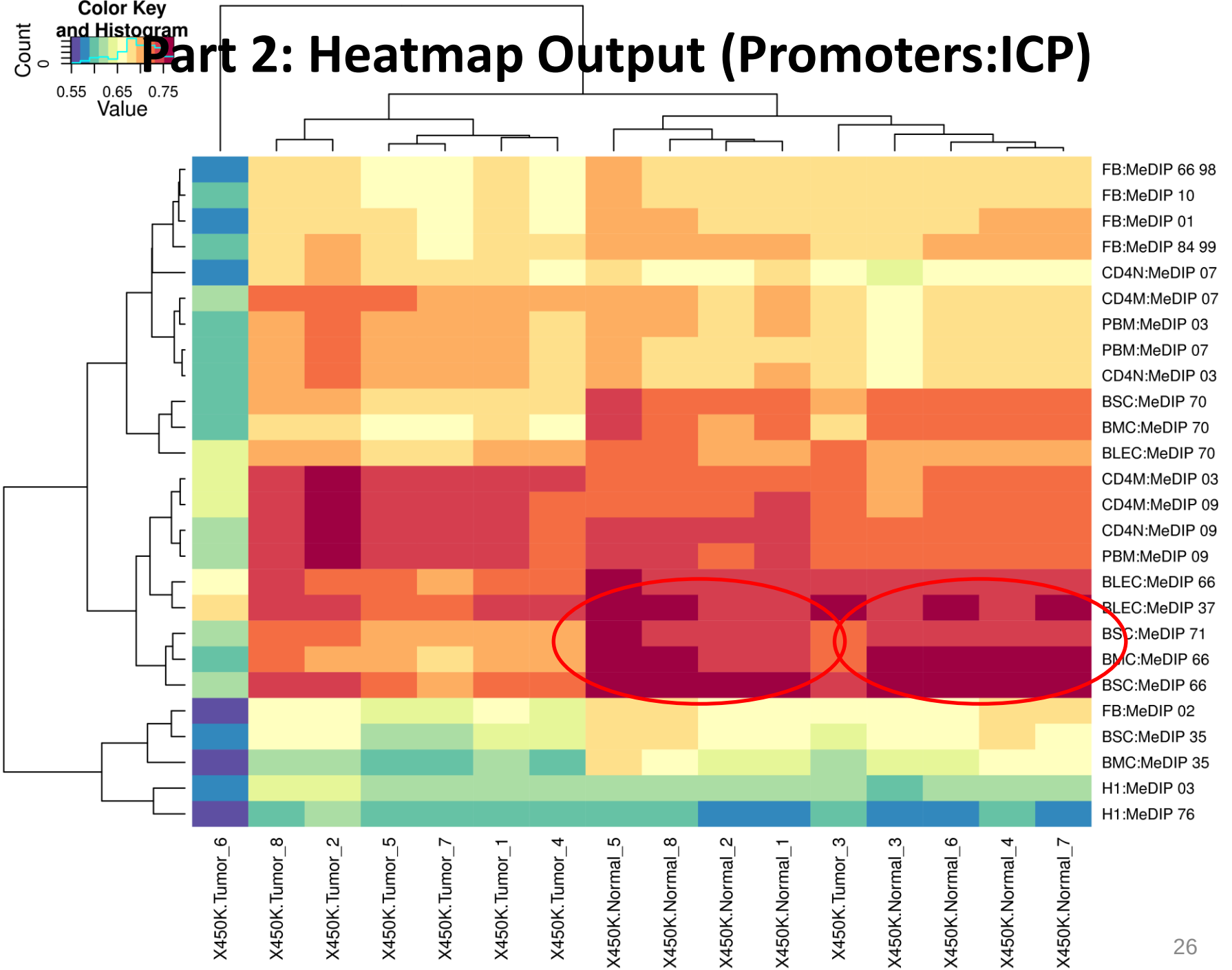
Most tumor samples appear to contain more blood and immune cells than normal tissue.



Part 2: Heatmap Output (Promoters:HCP)

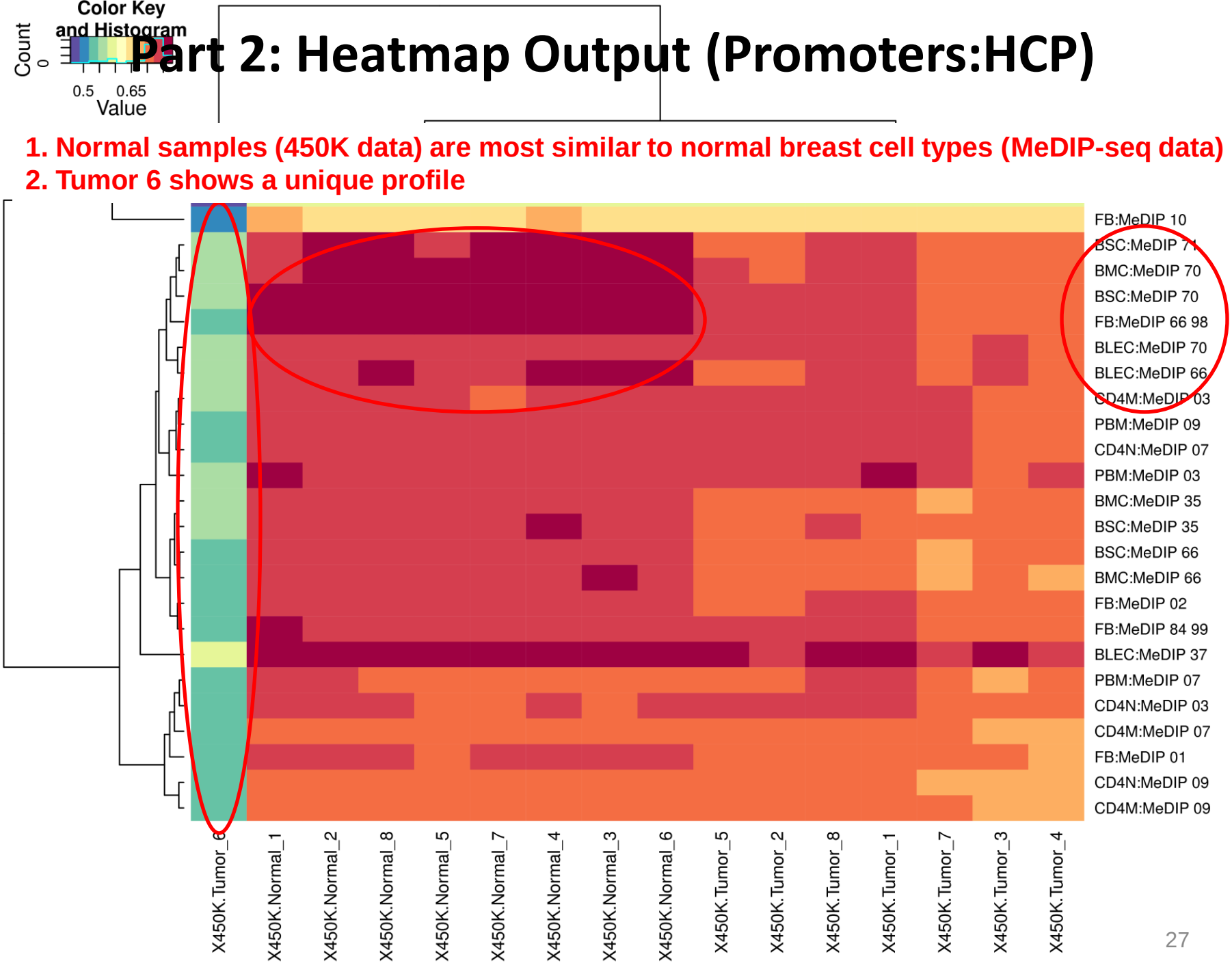


Part 2: Heatmap Output (Promoters:ICP)



Part 2: Heatmap Output (Promoters:HCP)

1. Normal samples (450K data) are most similar to normal breast cell types (MeDIP-seq data)
2. Tumor 6 shows a unique profile



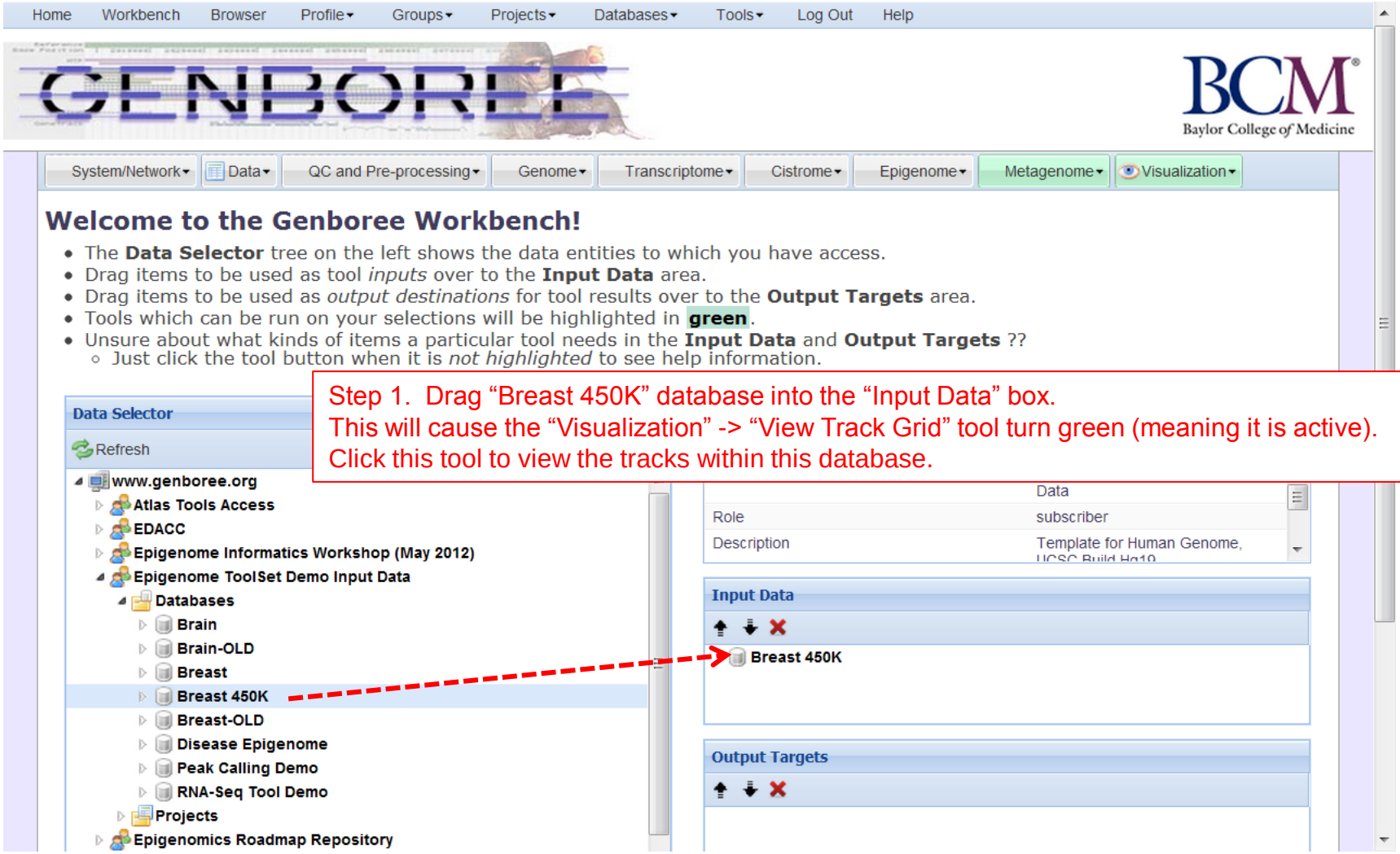
Part 3: LIMMA_Comparison: Breast Normal vs Breast Tumor

Part 3: Introduction

- In Part 2, we found that **most breast tumor samples appear to contain an excess of blood and immune cells.**

- Hypothesis: Comparison of normal and tumor tissue should reveal **differentially methylated genes that are involved in immune related pathways or biological processes.**

- Plan: Identify differentially methylated probes, genes, and pathways by comparing normal and tumor tissues using the LIMMA comparison tool.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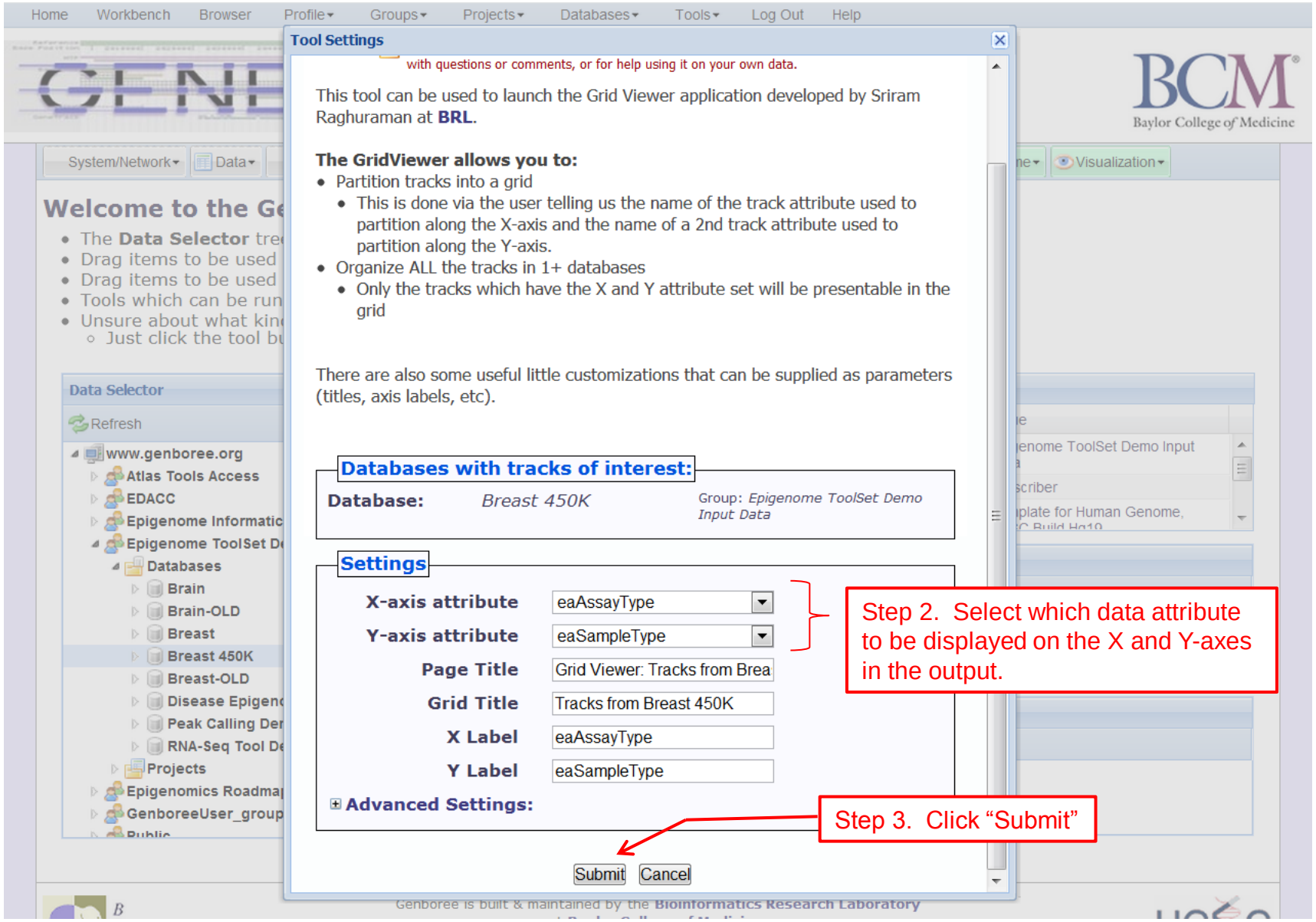

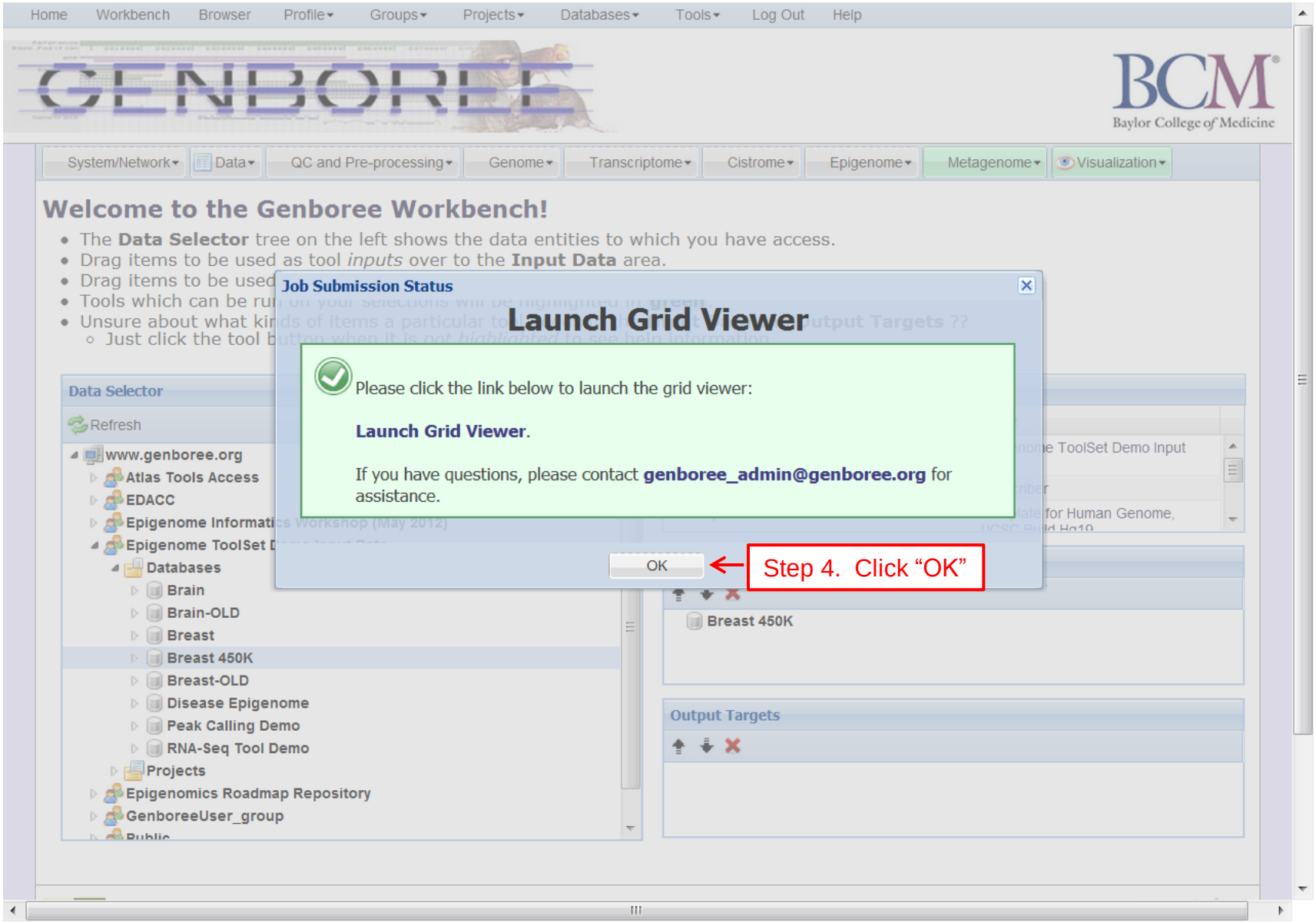
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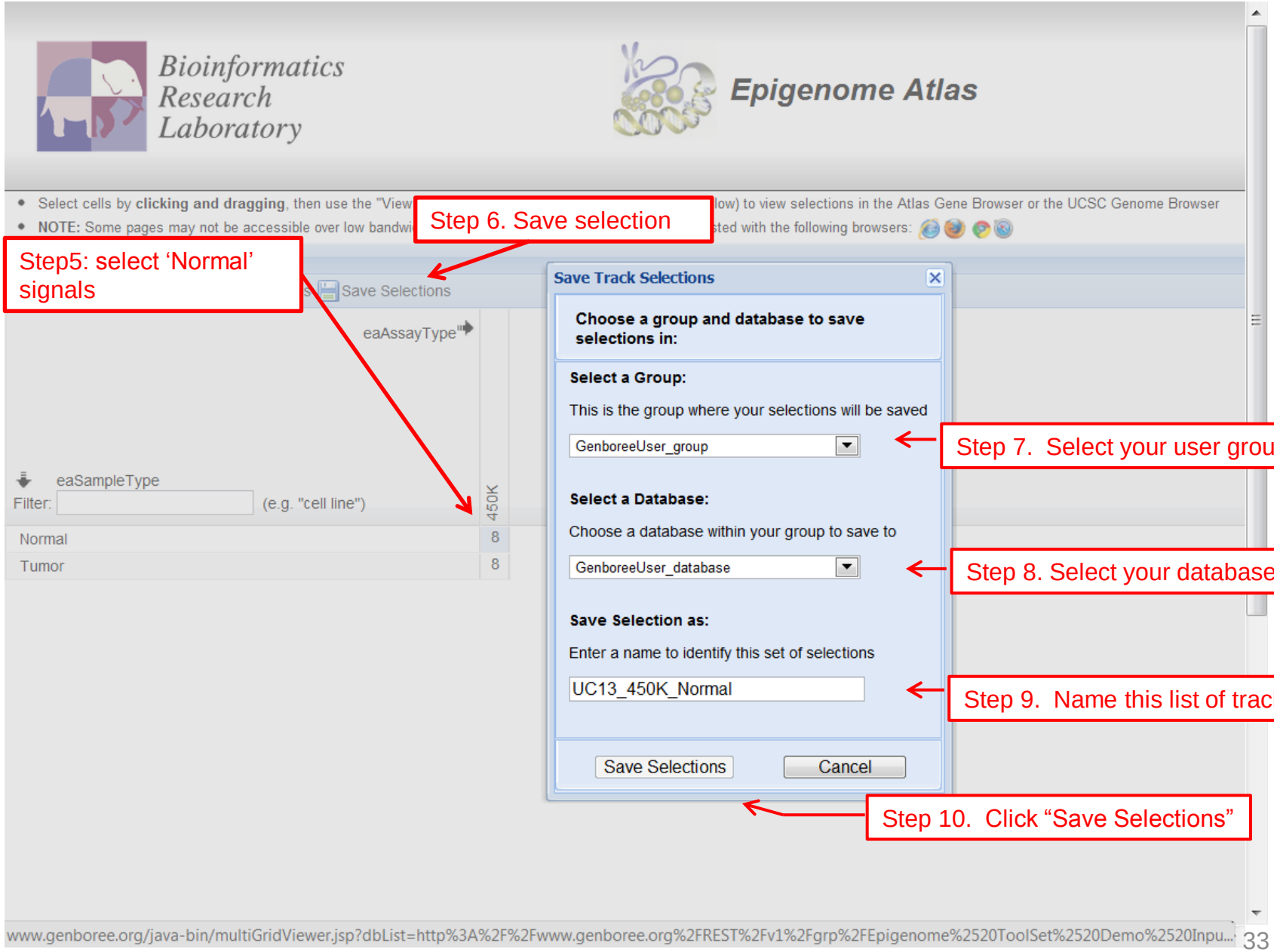
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Step5: select 'Normal' signals
Save Selections
eaAssayType
eaSampleType
Filter:
(e.g. "cell line")
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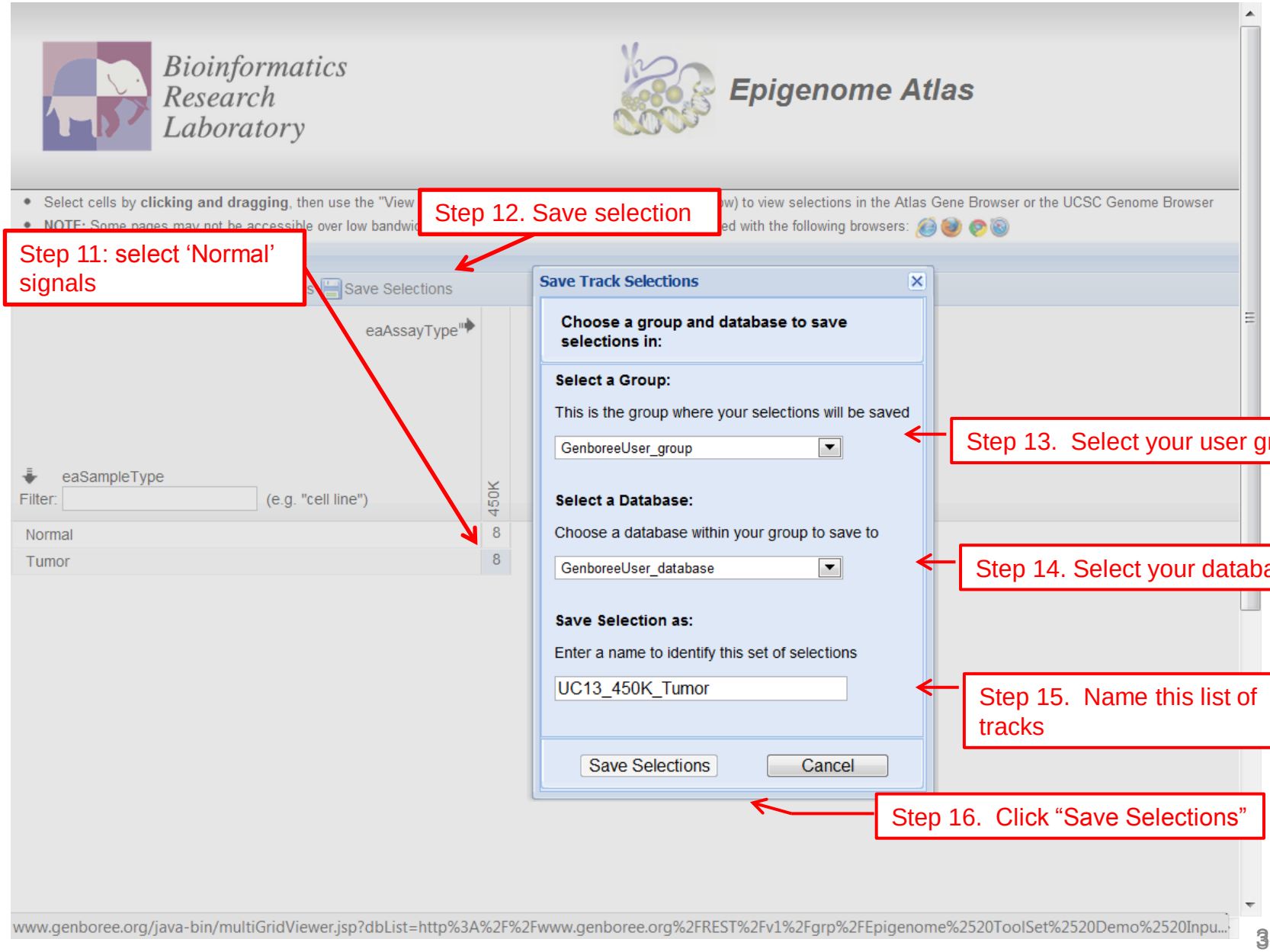
Normal 8
Tumor 8
Save Track Selections
Choose a group and database to save selections in:
Select a Group:
This is the group where your selections will be saved
GenboreeUser_group
Step 7. Select your user group
Select a Database:
Choose a database within your group to save to
GenboreeUser_database
Step 8. Select your database
Save Selection as:
Enter a name to identify this set of selections
UC13_450K_Normal
Step 9. Name this list of tracks
Save Selections
Cancel
Step 10. Click "Save Selections"
www.genboree.org/java-bin/multiGridViewer.jsp?dbList=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.genboree.org%2FREST%2Fv1%2Fgrp%2FEpigenome%2520ToolSet%2520Demo%2520Inpu...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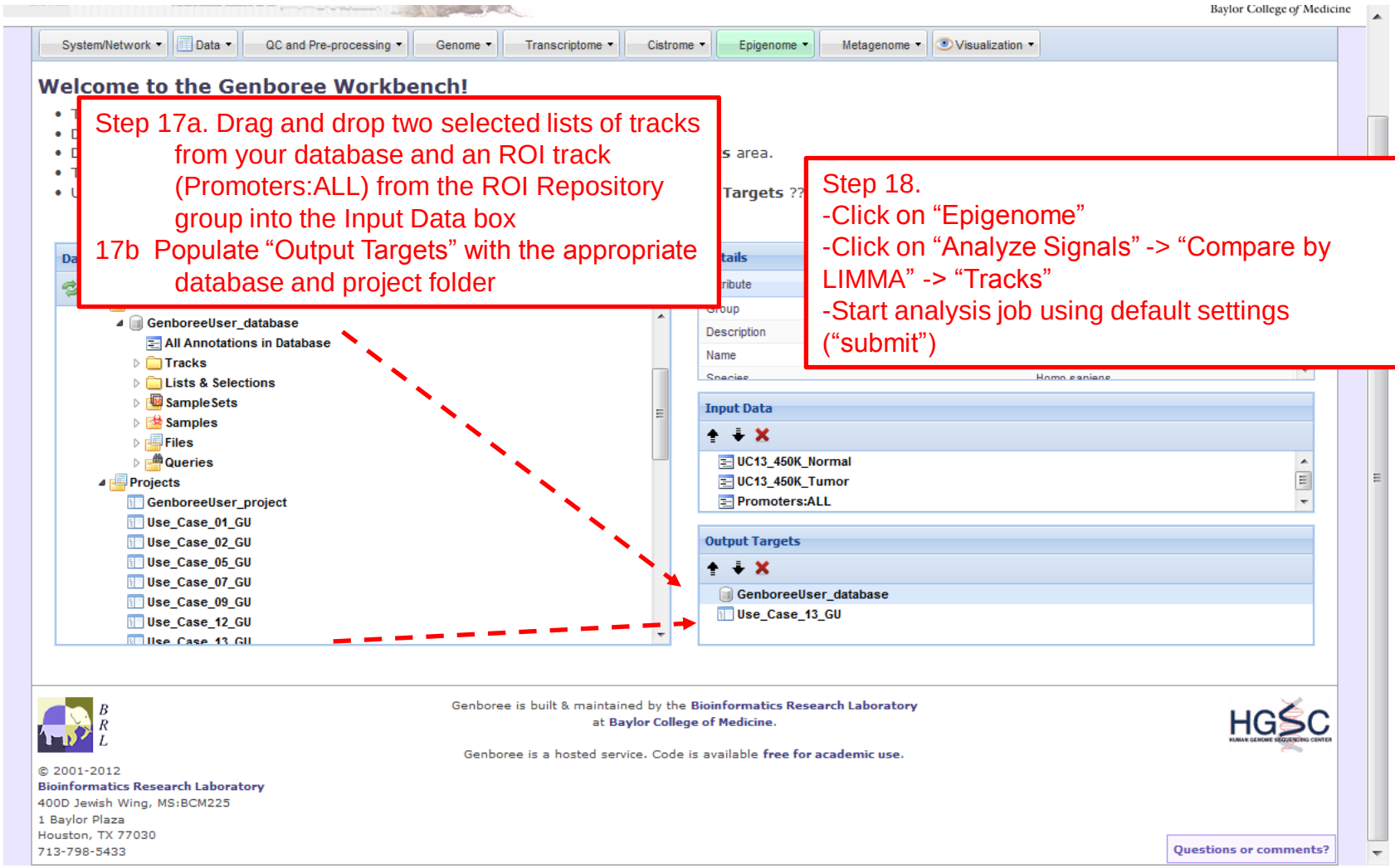
Select a Database:
Choose a database within your group to save to
GenboreeUser_database
Step 14. Select your database
Save Selection as:
Enter a name to identify this set of selections
UC13_450K_Tumor
Step 15. Name this list of tracks
Save Selections
Cancel
Step 16. Click "Save Selections"
www.genboree.org/java-bin/multiGridViewer.jsp?dbList=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.genboree.org%2FREST%2Fv1%2Fgrp%2FEpigenome%2520ToolSet%2520Demo%2520Inpu...


Baylor College of Medicine
System/Network
Data
QC and Pre-processing
Genome
Transcriptome
Cistrome
Epigenome
Metagenome
Visualization
Welcome to the Genboree Workbench!
Step 17a. Drag and drop two selected lists of tracks from your database and an ROI track (Promoters:ALL) from the ROI Repository group into the Input Data box
17b Populate "Output Targets" with the appropriate database and project folder
Step 18.
-Click on "Epigenome"
-Click on "Analyze Signals" -> "Compare by LIMMA" -> "Tracks"
-Start analysis job using default settings ("submit")
GenboreeUser_database
All Annotations in Database
Tracks
Lists & Selections
SampleSets
Samples
Files
Queries
Projects
GenboreeUser_project
Use_Case_01_GU
Use_Case_02_GU
Use_Case_05_GU
Use_Case_07_GU
Use_Case_09_GU
Use_Case_12_GU
Use_Case_13_GU
Input Data
UC13_450K_Normal
UC13_450K_Tumor
Promoters:ALL
Output Targets
GenboreeUser_database
Use_Case_13_GU
Genboree is built & maintained by the Bioinformatics Research Laboratory at Baylor College of Medicine.
Genboree is a hosted service. Code is available free for academic use.
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713-798-5433
Questions or comments?

Table of Content: Epigenomic Comparison

Study Name: Case13_LIMMA_AllPromoter
User: Per Wu
Date: 2012/03/03 23:45 CST

Epigenomic Changes Plots

Gene browser view of the top 5 genes overlapping with discriminating regions of interest
Gene browser view of the top 10 genes overlapping with discriminating regions of interest
Ranked list of genes overlapping with discriminating features of interest

Step 19. Click to download the differentially methylated genes

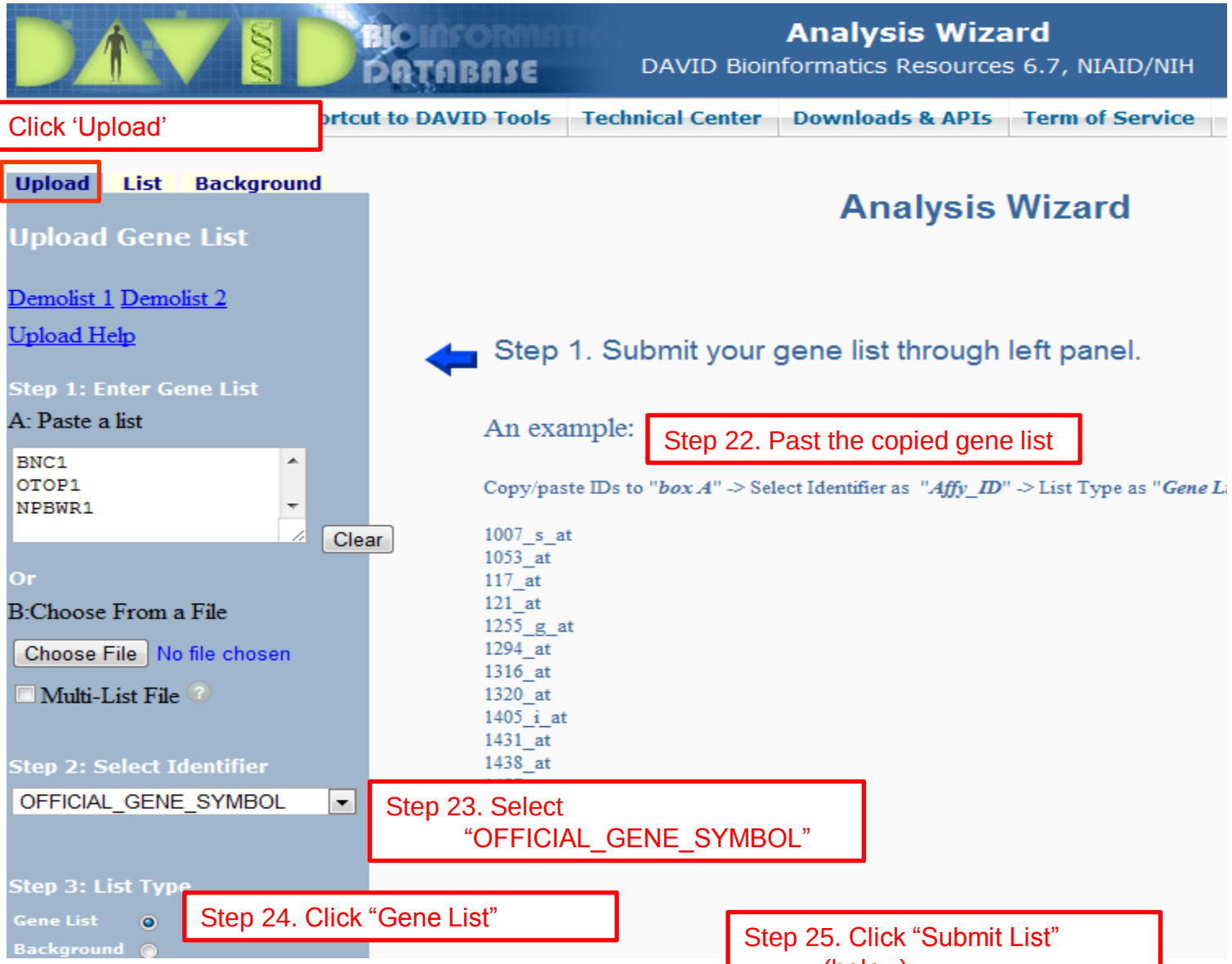
Part 3: The Gene List

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	1	PAQR7						
2	2	VGLL4						
3	3	TESK1						
4	5	FGFR1						
5	7	UCKL1						
6	8	MGC16121						
7	9	LCAT						
8	9	SLC12A4						
9	10	MTSS1L						
10	11	TICAM1						
11	12	BIRC5						
12	14	FAM193A						
13	15	NHP2						
14	16	C1orf177						
15	17	F11R						
16	17	TSTD1						
17	17	USF1						
18	19	C8orf58						
19	20	NAPA						
20	21	CCDC88C						
21	22	CTBP1						
22	23	GRAMD4						

Step 20. Copy the gene list and past it to DAVID for enrichment analysis

David Gene Name Batch Viewer: http://david.abcc.ncifcrf.gov/list.jsp

Part 3: The Gene List



Step 21. Click 'Upload'

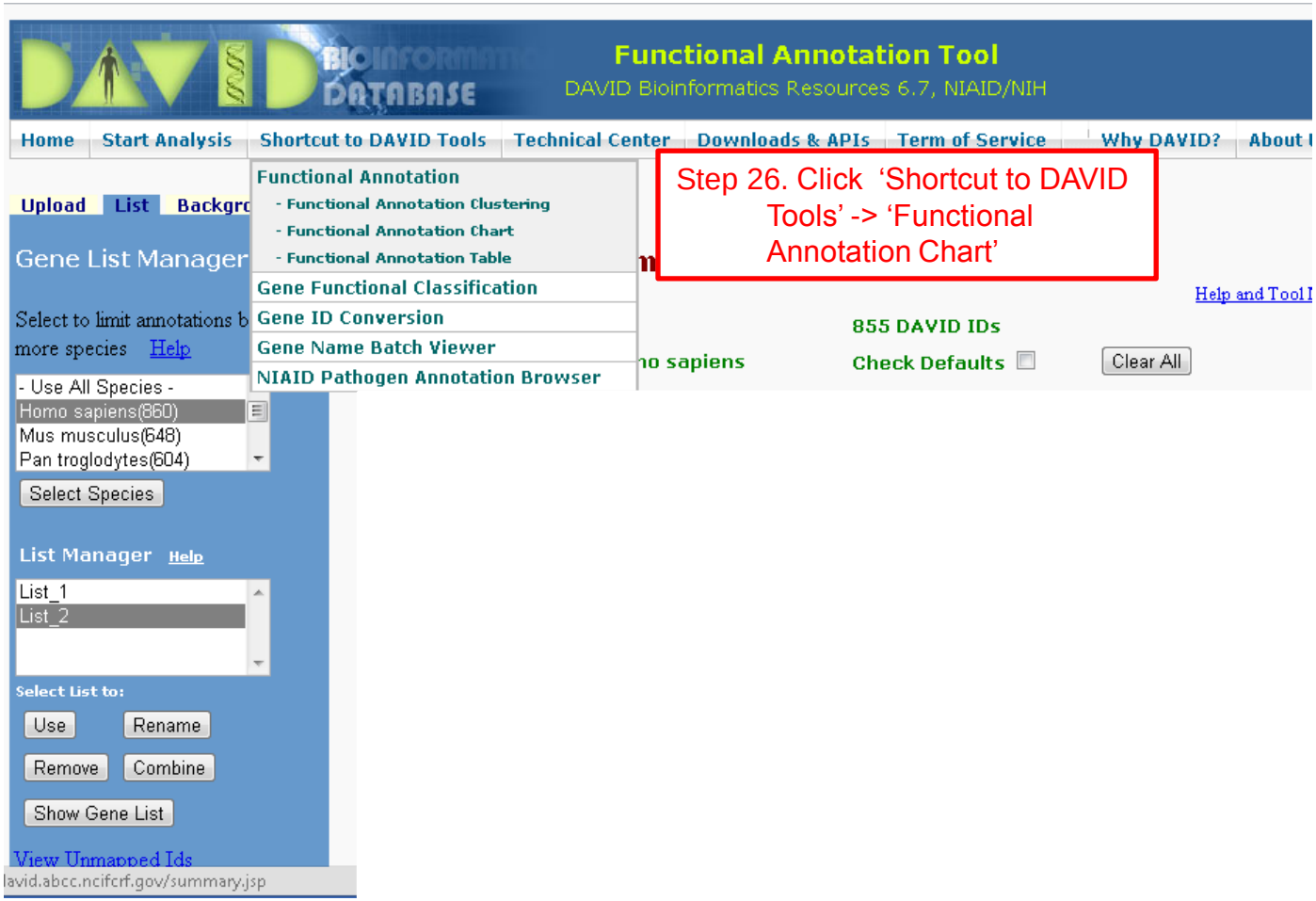
Step 22. Past the copied gene list

Step 23. Select "OFFICIAL_GENE_SYMBOL"

Step 24. Click "Gene List"

Step 25. Click "Submit List" (below)

DAVID – Functional Annotation Chart



DAVID – Gene Ontology

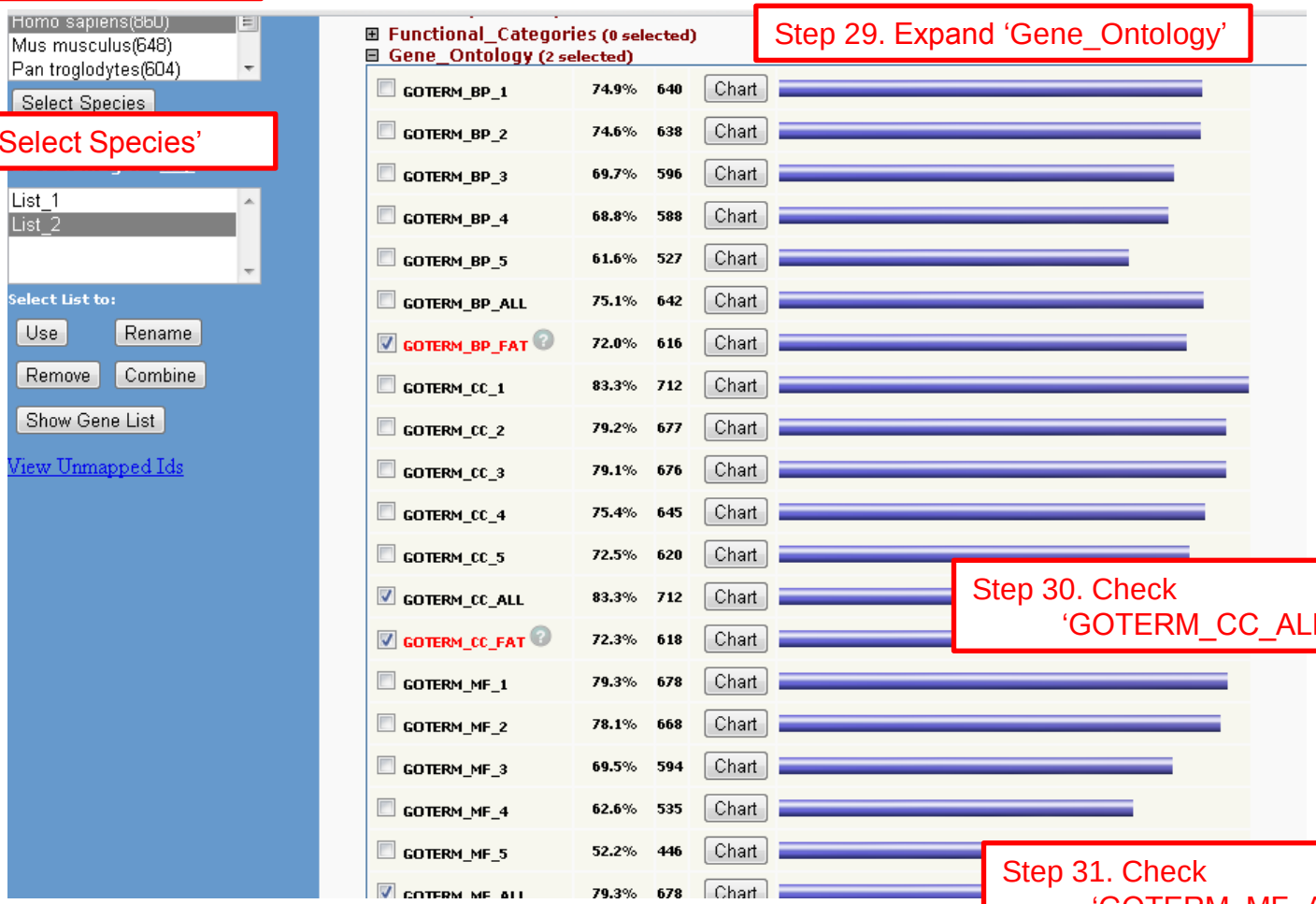
Step 27. Select Homo sapiens

Step 28. Click 'Select Species'

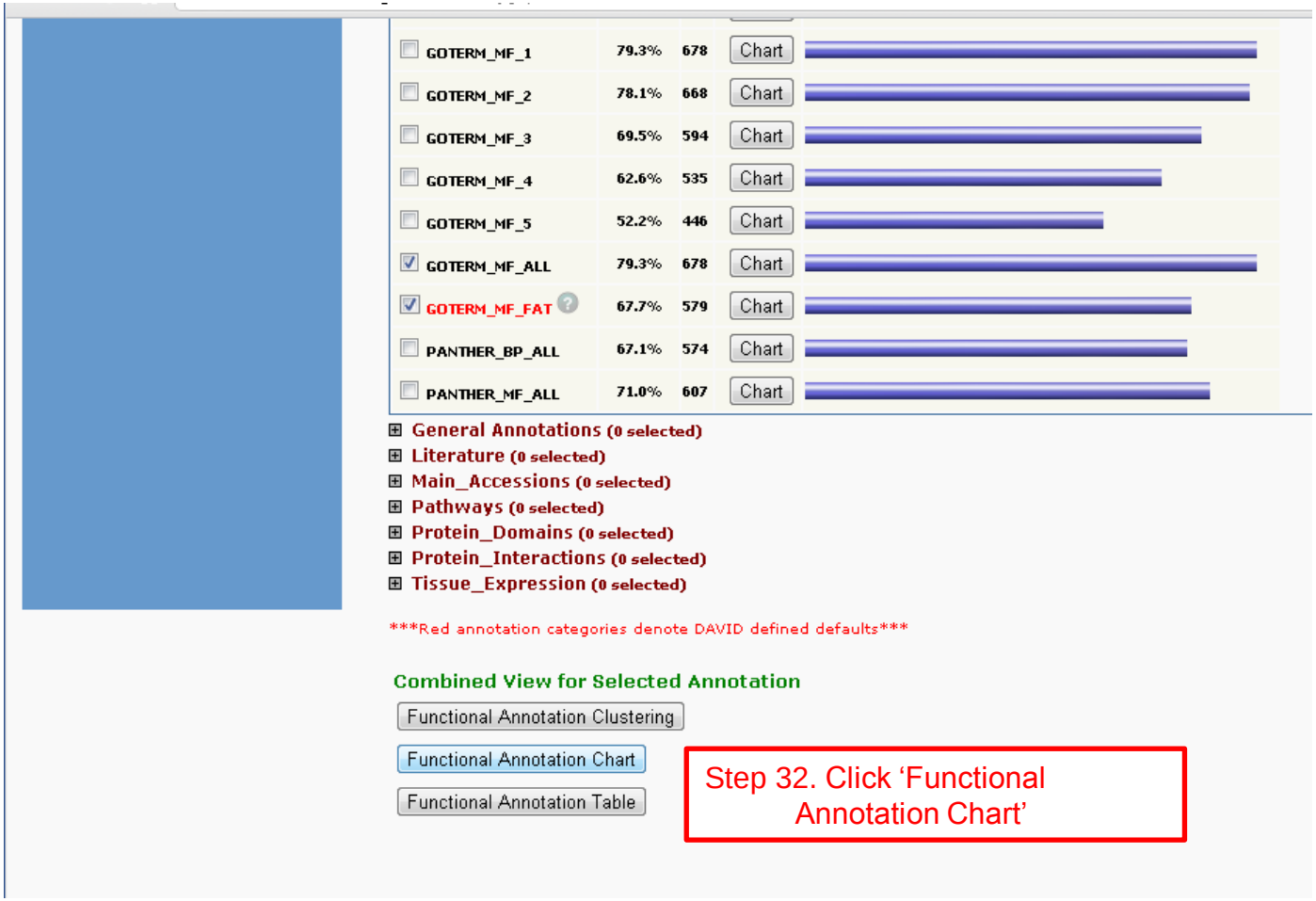
Step 29. Expand 'Gene_Ontology'

Step 30. Check 'GOTERM_CC_ALL'

Step 31. Check 'GOTERM_MF_ALL'



DAVID – View Functional Annotation Chart



Part 3: Enriched Biological Process

GOTERM_BP_FAT	neurological system process	RT	166	12.9	3.8E-18	1.2E-14
GOTERM_BP_FAT	sensory perception of smell	RT	76	5.9	1.1E-13	1.8E-10
GOTERM_BP_FAT	sensory perception	RT	115	9.0	2.1E-13	2.2E-10
GOTERM_BP_FAT	G-protein coupled receptor protein signaling pathway	RT	144	11.2	4.5E-13	3.5E-10
GOTERM_BP_FAT	cognition	RT	123	9.6	8.6E-13	5.4E-10
GOTERM_BP_FAT	sensory perception of chemical stimulus	RT	79	6.2	1.1E-12	6.0E-10
GOTERM_BP_FAT	cell surface receptor linked signal transduction	RT	207	16.1	1.6E-12	7.3E-10
GOTERM_BP_FAT	defense response	RT	92	7.2	4.4E-12	1.7E-9
GOTERM_BP_FAT	cell-cell signaling	RT	90	7.0	6.7E-12	2.3E-9
GOTERM_BP_FAT	cell adhesion	RT	98	7.6	3.9E-11	1.2E-8
GOTERM_BP_FAT	biological adhesion	RT	98	7.6	4.2E-11	1.2E-8
GOTERM_BP_FAT	immune response	RT	96	7.5	9.1E-11	2.4E-8
GOTERM_BP_FAT	homophilic cell adhesion	RT	30	2.3	2.1E-8	5.1E-6
GOTERM_BP_FAT	cell-cell adhesion	RT	46	3.6	8.0E-8	1.8E-5
GOTERM_BP_FAT	feeding behavior	RT	20	1.6	1.5E-7	3.2E-5
GOTERM_BP_FAT	behavior	RT	65	5.1	1.7E-7	3.4E-5
GOTERM_BP_FAT	synaptic transmission	RT	47	3.7	3.0E-7	5.5E-5
GOTERM_BP_FAT	transmission of nerve impulse	RT	52	4.1	4.3E-7	7.5E-5
GOTERM_BP_FAT	cell activation	RT	45	3.5	6.6E-7	1.1E-4
GOTERM_BP_FAT	positive regulation of immune system process	RT	38	3.0	3.6E-6	5.7E-4
GOTERM_BP_FAT	inflammatory response	RT	46	3.6	8.2E-6	1.2E-3